June 7, 1770. NUMB. 2163.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

On Saturday laſt came to Town a Gentleman from London; he was Paſſenger on board the Ship EDWARD, *Captain* KEMBLE, *from London for New-York, but ran aſhore, the Beginning of laſt Week, on Brigantine Beach, near Little Egg-Harbour. This Gentleman left London early on the Morning of the 18th of April, the Day of Mr. Wilkes's Enlargement, and heard of his being at Liberty in the Downs, when, it was ſaid, there were great Rejoicings on the Occaſion, ſuch as Illuminations, &c. but no Diſturbance. By him we have the following Advices.*

LONDON, March 27.

ON Thurſday laſt was held a Court of Aſſiſtants of the Goldſmiths Company, when they came to the following Reſolution, which was propoſed and agreed to, without a ſingle Hand being held up againſt it.

"The Right Hon. the Lord Mayor having iſſued Precepts for ſummoning the Livery of this City to meet at Guildhall, on Tueſday, the 6th Inſtant, to conſider of a further Application for Redreſs of Grievances, at which Meeting a moſt indecent Remonſtrance was ordered to be preſented to his Majeſty:

"Reſolved and ordered, that for the future the Wardens of this Company do not ſummon the Livery thereof to attend at any Meeting in the Guildhall (except for the Purpoſe of Elections) without expreſs Approbation, or Conſent of this Court."

The Court of Aſſiſtants of the Weavers Company came into the ſame Reſolution.

April 7. The Queſtion upon which the Min---ty became the M-j----y, Yeſterday Se'nnight, has not yet been clearly explained. A Motion having been made by Mr. G----lle, for Leave to bring in a Bill for the more equitable Deciſion of conteſted Elections; the ſame was granted, but the Min---ty thought fit to oppoſe its paſſing, not perhaps becauſe they did not approve it, but becauſe they might think it was giving up a Branch of the m--------al Prerogative. It had been a Cuſtom, of which all M-------rs had availed themſelves from the Time of the Revolution down to the Meeting of the preſent P--------t, to determine conteſted Elections by Numbers; and as the M------r could, in former P--------ts, always command a Majority, the Deciſions in Conteſt were ſure to be carried in Favour of the Man whom the M------r approved; inſomuch, that during the Tory M----y of Q. Anne, there was not one Inſtance of a Whig Member's being admitted upon Petition; and during the Miniſtry of Sir R. Walpole, it is well known, that the Loſs of the Chippenham Election was the Loſs of his Power as a Miniſter. To prevent theſe ſhameful Proceedings for the future, the Bill in Queſtion provides, that 45 Members ſhall be appointed by the Houſe a ſelect Committee, to enquire into the *Merits* of the Election in Conteſt, out of which Number each Candidate ſhall have a Right to except againſt *Fifteen*; ſo that the Number of *Fifteen* will at laſt only remain to decide the Conteſt; and theſe are, *upon Oath*, to determine according to the Evidence that ſhall be produced before them. A more equitable Bill than this the Mind of Man could not have ſuggeſted. It was not therefore to be wondered that it met the Countenance of a very great Majority, and the rather, as the Principle upon which it was oppoſed, could have Weight only with a few. This Bill will, in its Conſequences, operate farther than at firſt View it may ſeem, as it effectually ſtrikes at the Root of Bribery and Corruption; for as there is already a Law as ſtrong as Words can frame it, againſt Bribery and Corruption, the ſlighteſt Proof of any ſuch Influence, will now diſqualify any Member from ſitting in the Houſe, and no M------r will be able to defend him.

April 14. Yeſterday the Houſe of Peers adjourned to Thurſday the 26th Inſtant, and the Houſe of Commons to Tueſday the 24th.

It is ſaid, that a certain Declaration in an auguſt Aſſembly, made by a patriotic Peer, will be queſtioned after the Holidays.

At the Meeting of an auguſt Aſſembly after the Holidays, when the temporary Buſineſs is gone through, the lately delivered Petitions and Remonſtrances will be further conſidered.

At Guildhall Yeſterday, after the Town-Clerk had read aloud the King's Anſwer to the Remonſtrance, with the Reſolutions and Addreſs of the Houſe of Commons thereon; as likewiſe the Reſolutions of the Goldſmiths, Grocers, and Weavers; a Motion was made and ſeconded, that the King's Anſwer ſhould be entered on the City Journals, which was agreed to.

The Lord Mayor thereon obſerved, "That the Anſwer received to the Remonſtrance was a very harſh One; ſo much ſo, that in the whole Hiſtory of England, it, perhaps, could not be parallelled. Notwithſtanding this, he ſaid, he could not arraign his Majeſty, but his M------rs; who on this, as well as upon every Occaſion, treated the Opinions of the People with Inſolence and Diſreſpect." As a Proof of the Affability of the King, he urged their having all had the Honour to kiſs his Hand.

He mentioned "the Danger he had run, in ſupporting the laſt Reſolutions of the Livery in a certain Aſſembly, on which Occaſion (he ſaid) he had been threatened with Confinement, Sequeſtration of his Effects, and even with Baniſhment; and which Threats he really believed would have been put in Execution, but for the ſpirited Support of another of the City's Repreſentatives, Mr. Trecothick, and the two worthy Sheriffs, with ſome other Gentlemen."

In regard to the Reſolutions of the Goldſmiths, Weavers, and Grocers, he ſaid, "That their Reflections were as illiberal as untrue, as that, as well as every Act of the Livery, was not done clandeſtinely or inſidiouſly, but in the Face of open Day, and with the joint Concurrence (one only excepted) of the moſt reſpectable Citizens in the World.

He concluded with obſerving, "That he had accepted the Office of Lord Mayor, with a Determination to ſupport the Dignity of it as an honeſt Man, and their faithful Guardian, and that, though they were charged with a Deſign to promote Riots and Diſturbances in the City, he would, on every Occaſion, take Care to exert his Authority to prevent them, and therefore recommended them ſtrongly to preſerve Peace as much as poſſible the enſuing Holiday Week."

The Authenticity of a certain Remonſtrance having been queſtioned, a Correſpondent informs us, that if ſome Kind of Anſwer is not given to it, it has been reſolved to preſent another, ſigned by the Electors.

The Proteſt againſt a Remonſtrance of a certain City, is ſigned, it is ſaid, by near 1000 Perſons, which is ſuppoſed to be the Effect of undue Influence.

Certain Companies, who have made ſome late extraordinary Reſolutions, we hear, are likewiſe preparing a Proteſt againſt the Remonſtrance, to be ſigned by the Liveries of their reſpective Companies.

April 16. *It is confidently ſaid, that Lord Cambden will have the Seals again in a few Days; and that the Earl of Chatham will ſhortly be appointed firſt Lord of the Treaſury.*

Great Wagers are depending at the Weſt End of the Town, that War will be declared againſt France and Spain in ſix Months time.

A Report prevailed Yeſterday Morning, that a certain Colonel will vacate his Seat by the Acceptance of a Place, when a new Writ will be iſſued for the County, in order to give a patriotic Gentleman an Opportunity of being re-choſen.

It is confidently reported, that the Miniſtry begin to fall out with one another, which the adverſe Party will take Advantage of, and leap into the Saddle.

The preſent Plan talked of, for an Accommodation between the Majority and Minority, is ſaid to be the Production of Lord Lyttleton.

On a ſtrict Calculation it appears, that above Forty of his Majeſty's Subjects have been killed by the Soldiery in different Parts of the Kingdom, within theſe three Years

No Courier having hitherto arrived at the Ruſſian Ambaſſador's, with Advice of the Reduction of Brailow, the Report concerning the ſame is now become doubtful. It is the ſame with Reſpect to another Rumour which prevailed, viz. that the Ruſſian Troops, commanded by General Pamin, have taken the Fortreſs of Bender by Aſſault.

We hear, that Mr. Wilkes has ſent circular Letters to all his Friends, requeſting them to exert their utmoſt Influence to preſerve good Order among the People on the Day of his Releaſement.

It is ſaid, that Miſs Wilkes will accompany her Father, on an Excurſion, for a few Days, into the Country.

We hear, that the ſeveral Clubs, which have elected Mr. Wilkes one of their Members, have all made Contributions for the total Diſcharge of that Gentleman's Debts.

To the GENTLEMEN, CLERGY, *and* FREEHOLDERS, *of the County of* MIDDLESEX.

GENTLEMEN,

I OBEY the ſtrong Impulſe of a lively Gratitude, when I thus employ the firſt Moments of my Liberty, to thank you for the many Favours you have conferred on me, during a long, cruel, and unmerited Impriſonment. My Sufferings the two laſt Years were endeared to me, as well as rendered truly honourable, by the Support and Protection of the Friends of Freedom. The Trial was indeed long and ſevere, but the moſt happy Conſequences have followed. The favourable Opinion you were pleaſed at firſt to entertain of my Integrity and Fortitude, has been confirmed on a Variety of Occaſions, and I have experienced as frequent Proofs of your unwearied Zeal for your Country, and ſteady Regard to me. I will go on with the ſame Spirit, in the Cauſe of a brave and free People. To their Service, to the Defence of the Laws, and to the Preſervation of the religious and civil Liberties of the whole Britiſh Empire, the Remainder of my Life ſhall be dedicated. I rely ſolely and entirely on your Protection, and I will form no Connection, which may in the ſmalleſt Degree warp me from my Duty to you, either as the Dependant of a Miniſter, or even as the Servant of the Crown; for I think a Repreſentative of the People ought to be perfectly free and unbiaſſed, in order more effectually to keep every Miniſter in Awe, and to oppoſe every Encroachment of the Prerogative, againſt which the Houſe of Commons was eſtabliſhed as a firm Barrier. I will therefore know no Influence in Parliament, but that created by the Conſtitution, that of the Conſtituents over their Repreſentative, and I do not mean to acknowledge any other Conſtituents, than thoſe patriotic Friends, by whoſe Favour I am the legal Member for the County of Middleſex.

I reflect, Gentlemen, with great Satisfaction, that the many tedious Months of my harſh Confinement were not uſeleſly employed in the common Cauſe of public Freedom. I have enjoyed in Priſon the Fruits of my long Labours, the Glory of deſtroying that dreaded Engine of arbitrary Power, ſo cruelly employed of late, and ſo often fatal to our Countrymen, a General Warrant. After every Delay of Privilege and Chicane from May 1763, an upright Jury in laſt November declared a late Secretary of State Guilty. No Puniſhment, however, has reached that firſt and great Offender. The Treaſury paid the Fine, and the whole Expence of the Proſecution, and he has been even rewarded with the Cuſtody of the Privy Seal. The very ſuperior Abilities of my worthy Colleague Mr. Serjeant Glynn, were exerted thro' the whole of this important Cauſe. To his indefatigable Zeal, and Love of legal Liberty, every Subject of this Empire has the moſt eſſential Obligations. I have taken Care, that all the Proceedings in this great Struggle of the People againſt the uſurped Power of Miniſters, ſhall be entered in the proper Court, and I hope the *Record* will remain *unaltered* to our lateſt Poſterity, as a compleat Triumph of Liberty over Deſpotiſm. I feel with indignant Sorrow, that I have not been equally ſucceſsful in another national Concern, which I had at Heart, I mean a ſtrict Parliamentary Enquiry into the horrid Maſſacre of our Countrymen in St. George's Fields, on the fatal 10th of May, 1768. I gave to the Public all the original Papers reſpecting that wicked ſhedding of innocent Blood, by which the Land is defiled, and I offered to bring the Evidence to the Bar of the Houſe of Commons. The only Hope which now remains to us is, that the Virtue of a future Parliament, faithful to the Truſt repoſed in them by the People, will ſoon purſue the Murderers, that Juſtice will at length overtake them, and that the moſt ſhocking of all Crimes will not be left unpuniſhed. The Horror of the Action is ſtill freſh in the Mind of every Man of Humanity, and I hold it to be the greateſt Reproach of our Age and Nation, that ſo many of our Fellow Subjects have been baſely murdered by an inhuman Soldiery in St. George's Fields, and other hired Ruffians at Brentford, without a ſingle Victim to the public Juſtice of our Country, to the future Security of our Lives, or to the violated Laws of God and Man.

The State of this County, Gentlemen, is truly alarming. The Houſe of Commons have not only rejected a Member choſen by a Majority of the Freeholders, but likewiſe obtruded upon you a Perſon, whom you never elected. They have openly aſſumed the whole legiſlative Power. By their Vote they have declared an Incapacity, where the Law of the Land, and common Right, rendered the Party eligible to Parliament. This Proceeding is a direct Attack both on the Form and Eſſence of the Conſtitution, a flagrant Violation of the fundamental Privileges of Engliſhmen, and a Robbery committed on every Elector of the Kingdom, even in the moſt invaluable of all his Poſſeſſions, the Right of Repreſentation in the Houſe of Commons. You have *petitioned*, you have *remonſtrated*, in the Spirit of true Sons of Liberty, but in vain. The Reaſon is moſt manifeſt. The Meaſure of my Expulſion and Incapacity was previouſly ſettled in the Cabinet, and only brought to Parliament by the Miniſter, in order to go thro' the common Forms, as other Buſineſs, in the uſual Courſe of the Seſſion. The Nation, however, are not the Dupes of this Artifice, and they regard the preſent Houſe of Commons as no longer a juſt and fair Repreſentative of the collective Body of all the Electors in this united Kingdom; and therefore they do not hold, that the Power and Authority of a legal Houſe of Parliament is inherent in the Aſſembly now ſitting at Weſtminſter.

I am happy, Gentlemen, to leave a hateful Priſon, without the leaſt Spark of Anger or Reſentment againſt the Authors of all my Sufferings. I have no Malice nor Revenge to gratify. I feel no Paſſion, but that of Gratitude to my Friends, and my only Enemies ſhall be thoſe of my Country, thoſe who ſtill manifeſt a rooted, unrelenting Malice againſt the Liberties of this Kingdom, and who endeavour to entail Slavery on us and our Poſterity. If my Perſecutions are not yet ended, I will continue to bear up as a Man, firm and determined in the beſt of Cauſes; nor for your Sakes will I ſcruple to dare all the Vengeance of thoſe wretched Miniſters, who are now the Rulers over us, but poſſeſs neither the Confidence, nor the Eſteem of the People. If his Majeſty be graciouſly pleaſed to liſten to the Cries of a loyal, but injured nation, and to remove a moſt corrupt and deſpotic Adminiſtration, who are every Day baſely and deſperately ſtabbing the very Vitals of the Conſtitution, I ſhall then hope to live among you in the Enjoyment of the firſt Bleſſing, and the moſt ſovereign Good, Liberty, both perſonal and political; and when I can no longer be uſeful to my Country, to die happy, in the Applauſe of the Friends of Freedom, and of England. I am, with Deference and Regard,

GENTLEMEN,

Your faithful, and obedient humble Servant,

April 18, 1770. JOHN WILKES.

To the worthy INHABITANTS *of the Ward of* FARRINGDON WITHOUT.

Gentlemen, Freemen, and Fellow Citizens,

I CANNOT ſufficiently acknowledge and applaud the perſevering Spirit and Chearfulneſs, with which you have ſtruggled through the various Difficulties ariſing from my Inability to attend the Duty of this great and reſpectable Ward. My future Conduct will beſt ſhew the Senſe I have of ſo ſingular an Obligation. The tedious Impriſonment, to which I was ſentenced for the firm Oppoſition I made to a wicked Miniſtry, is at length happily paſſed. By regaining my Liberty this Day, I hope to acquire the Power of rendering you real Services, and from the ſuperior Rank you have conferred on me, of becoming more eminently uſeful. I ſhall not fail to attend the next Court of Aldermen, when, in Support of your Rights, I mean to lay Claim to, and inſiſt upon, the being admitted and ſworn into Office, as having the Honour of being elected by the general Voice of ſo conſiderable a Part of the City.

It is a particular Satisfaction to me, Gentlemen, that I am to enter on my Duty at a Time when we are governed by ſo excellent a chief Magiſtrate, and have Sheriffs of the moſt liberal Principles, zealous Promoters of the public Good, and of approved Virtue. But above all, I rejoice that the high Spirit of Liberty, joined with Prudence, Temper, and Intrepidity, in ſo peculiar a Manner now animates the whole Body of the Livery of London. The late *Petition* and *Remonſtrance* will reflect Honour on them to the remoteſt Ages. The Engliſh Hiſtory does not give a ſtronger Inſtance of the Uprightneſs of our Countrymen, nor an Example of any Body of Men more untainted by Corruption, more uninfluenced by every Conſideration of Fear or Intereſt, and more calm, yet determined, in a great Cauſe. In the Time of the laſt Stuart King, during the general Confuſion, when the daſtardly Tyrant fled, the principal Nobility and Gentry reſorted to our Guildhall for Protection, and concerted with our Anceſtors, the Citizens of this Metropolis, that generous and equal Syſtem of Power, which was eſtabliſhed by the People at the glorious *Revolution*, and confirmed by the ſucceeding Parliament in the *Bill of Rights*. We have ſeen the moſt valuable of thoſe Rights, the Right of Repreſentation in Parliament, openly violated. On this important Occaſion the Livery of London have ſhewn themſelves the worthy Deſcendants of ſuch Anceſtors. The *Petition* and the *Remonſtrance* have carried that enormous Grievance to the Throne in a ſpirited and becoming Manner. I truſt that their public Virtue and Firmneſs will at laſt triumph over the Tyranny of the preſent Adminiſtration, and that our Sovereign will reſtore the Conſtitution, thus ſhaken from its Foundation, by the ſpeedy Diſſolution of a Houſe of Commons, abhorred by all good Men, odious to the whole Nation, and the Validity of whoſe Acts is now daily arraigned by their former Conſtituents. Such a Conſequence I think muſt ſoon follow, from the noble Conduct of this City, and of other great and public-ſpirited Bodies of Men. After that happy Event the People of England may expect from their true Friends in a future honeſt Parliament, the three eſſential, and only effectual Remedies of this diſtempered State, Acts for the Excluſion of Placemen and Penſioners, for the ſhort Duration of Parliaments, and for an equal Repreſentation.

I know, Gentlemen, how much the Power and Wealth of this great City depend on its Trade and Commerce, which have always flouriſhed moſt in the freeſt States, and never arrived at Perfection but under the Patronage of Liberty. I ſhall therefore be ever ready to receive your Directions on theſe important Points, and in whatever relates to the Proſperity of this City, and the particular Intereſt of our Ward. Every probable Plan for the Advancement of the common Welfare, as well as every mercantile Conſideration, ſhall have its due Weight in my Mind. I will ever be a zealous Defender of the Rights and Privileges of the Livery, and of all the Freemen of London. In the Concerns of this extenſive Ward I hope to have the Advice and Aſſiſtance of my Conſtituents, every one of whom may be aſſured of that Attention and Regard, which I owe to thoſe, by whoſe delegated Power I act, and for whoſe Intereſt I accepted this important Truſt. It ſhall be my conſtant and earneſt Endeavour to juſtify to the World the Choice you have been pleaſed to make of me as your Alderman, and to approve myſelf an upright Magiſtrate, and a good Citizen of the Capital of the Britiſh Empire. I am,

GENTLEMEN, Freemen, and Fellow Citizens, with Gratitude and Reſpect, your affectionate, and obedient humble Servant,

April 18, 1770. JOHN WILKES.

[*For new Advertiſements, ſee the Fourth Page.*]

Locust this Year!

By Captain MILLER, *arrived at New-York from London, we have the following Advices, viz.*

PETERSBURGH, March 6.

OUR Court continues to receive the moſt favourable Accounts from our Armies, and is not without Hopes, that by the Succeſs of its different Detachments, the Conqueſt of Walachia will ſoon be effected. This appears the more probable, as the Hoſpodar of Walachia, accompanied by his Sons, his Brother, and one of his Couſins, arrived here a few Days ago, and were preſented to her Imperial Majeſty, and moſt graciouſly received. They are treated with all poſſible Diſtinction.

Warſaw, March 17. A Courier is juſt arrived from the Banks of the Danube, with Advice that the Ruſſian General, Major Gen. Czerniwich, had taken the Town of Kilianova by Aſſualt; in which was found a conſiderable Magazine, Part of which they conveyed to Jaſſy, and burnt the reſt.

The ſame Courier brought Word, that Bender is actually inveſted, and that the Budziac Tartars had returned under the Shelter of the Cannon of Oczakow.

Poſen, March 20. We have on a ſudden changed Maſters here, for the Confederates left this Town with great Precipitation laſt Night, and this Morning they were replaced by 1500 Ruſſians, who came here by Order of Colonel Rone. In their March to this Town, they cut 200 Confederates to Pieces, excepting nine Men, who ſaved themſelves; the Coſaques made twenty Turks Priſoners, whom they found here. The Ruſſians had not been long here, before they ſet off, in Purſuit of the Fugitives.

LONDON.

April 7. Letters from Conſtantinople mention, that the Jews have been aſſured of the Protection of the Grand Signor throughout his Dominions, which had impreſſed them with ſo much Gratitude, that very large voluntary Contributions were raiſing throughout all their Tribes, for the Service of his Sublime Highneſs.

April 9. It is poſitively aſſerted, that L. N. Has declared publicly, that no freſh Proſecution is intended againſt a popular Gentleman.

We learn from very good Authority, that a certain diſtinguiſhed Nobleman will ſet out in a few Days for a neighbouring Court, in order, if poſſible, to diſcover whether any Hoſtilities are at this Time intended towards England.

The Reduction of the French Finances, by the preſent Premier, is likely to be attended with great Benefit to this Country; for the moneyed People of that Nation being now convinced, that no Dependance is to be had upon their own Government, are determined, for the future, to inveſt their Property wholly in the Engliſh Funds.

April 10. The Bill for regulating the Expulſion of Members, is poſtponed till Tueſday, the Firſt of next Month.

Yeſterday the Petition of the County of Kent, was delivered to his Majeſty by John Calcraft, John Sawbridge, and ------- James, Eſquires.

The above Petition, notwithſtanding all the Influence of Government, was ſigned by upwards of 2700 Freeholders.

The ſame Day the Middleſex Petition, Remonſtance, and Addreſs, was preſented to his Majeſty at St. James's, by Meſſieurs Sawbridge and Townſhend, Sheriffs for the County, which was received, and given to the Lord in waiting, but no Anſwer returned.

It is ſaid, that a great Number of the principal Inhabitants of Weſtminſter, have ſigned a Paper, ſignifying their Diſapprobation of the Remonſtrance of that City.

It is now poſitively aſſerted, that Lord C-----m will again take a Part in the Adminiſtration; and that a Bill will be brought in to reſcind ſome unpopular Reſolutions, as ſoon as that Nobleman is inveſted with Power.

April 11. We are informed that a certain Great Man mentioned lately in a particular Aſſembly, that he had hit upon a Scheme for ſubduing the Spirit of the People; to which another replied, that he had much better deviſed a Plan for ſubduing Corruption and Venality amongſt the Great, and endeavour to conciliate the Affections of the People.

Extract of a Letter from Saliſbury, April 9.

"By a private Letter from Exeter we are informed, that the joint Addreſs of two reſpectable Bodies was publicly burnt on the 27th of laſt Month, to the great Joy of the Spectators.

"We alſo hear that they are making the like Preparations at Hereford."

April 12. The laſt Letters from Conſtantinople adviſe, that in the Aſſemblies of the Divan, held the 6th and 13th of February, the Grand Signor had ordered Half the Pay of the Janiſſaries to be remitted to their Colonels, and the reſt to be ſent upon 600 Mules, under the Eſcorte of 400 Horſemen, to the Army of the Grand Vizir, in order to engage the Janiſſaries to repair thither; but that ſeveral of them had declared, they had rather loſe it than join the Army.

It ſeems now to be pretty generally believed that a Coalition is actually on Foot, between the preſent Adminiſtration and the Leaders of the Minority. As a Confirmation of this we have been aſſured, that not only Lord Cambden has been at Court, and had a private Conference with his Majeſty, but that the Marquis of Rockingham, the Earl of Chatham, and the Duke of Northumberland, have appeared there alſo within theſe few Days.

The Marquis of R. and Lord M. Lord N. and the preſent Lord M---r, have viſited of late, from whence it is concluded, that ſome political Alliances are forming, that will tend to reconcile the national Diſputes.

A Great Perſonage, we are told, refuſes to ſee Earl T--, being greatly diſguſted with him for publiſhing to the World, ſome Time ſince, in Print, a private Converſation which had paſſed between them.

Monday Night the Queſtion, whether the Duty on Tea ſhould be taken off in America, was debated in the lower Room of the Robin-hood Society, when there appeared on a Diviſion,

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---- Allen, Eſq; a near Relation to Lord Hillſborough, is appointed a Secretary in the Plantation Office, in the Room of ---- Pownal, Eſq; preferred.

A Letter from Briſtol ſays, "A Meeting was held laſt Week of the principal Merchants in this City, to conſider of a Remonſtrance to the Throne, but a powerful Oppoſition has been forming againſt it."

A Letter from Denbighſhire, received on Tueſday, contains the following Account: "The People of this County have refuſed to pay the Land Tax, in Conſequence of which great Diſturbances enſued, and the Military quartered in this Neighbourhood, have been called upon to aſſiſt in preſerving the Peace, and reducing the Malcontents to Order, which we hope they will be able to effect, but are apprenfive a Reinforcement will be neceſſary."

We hear a great Lawyer has declared it as his Opinion, that the Courts of Aſſiſtants of certain City Companies, have done ſufficient to warrant the Lord Mayor to diſfranchiſe ſuch Members as voted for the public Avowal of Diſobedience to the Chief Magiſtrate.

It is confidently ſaid, that if the Diſfranchiſements, now ſo much talked of in the City, ſhould take Place, Mandamuſes will iſſue from the Court of King's Bench, to reſtore the Sufferers their Freedom.

If Credit may be given to ſome late Advices from a Northern Court, ſhe will ſoon formally declare War againſt the Grand Signor.

A few Days ago a Spaniſh Man of War put into Breſt, with the Loſs of her Main-maſt, in a hard Gale of Wind, off the Weſtern Iſlands, having on board 39 *of the late principal Inhabitants of New-Orleans, heavily ironed.*

It is ſaid the Britiſh Tully has declared his Intention of im-------g, the firſt Meeting after the Holidays, no leſs than five Perſons.

A certain Weſtminſter Magiſtrate, it is ſaid, has declared, that he was ordered to call in the Military, if there ſhould be Occaſion, on the Day of Mr. Wilkes's Enlargement; that ſome Battalions of the Guards were already appointed to line the principal Streets at the Weſt End of the Town; and that proper Peace-Officers were to be diſperſed in all Parts of the Town.

It was Yeſterday ſaid, that a Great Perſonage was reconciled to the E--l T----e, through the Interceſſion of the M------ of R--------m.

On Tueſday the Sum of 9681. 11s. was paid into the Hands of the Supporters of the Bill of Rights, for the Uſe of John Wilkes, Eſq;

By a private Letter from Frankfort we learn, the Emperor of Germany, the Empreſs of Ruſſia, the King of Denmark, and the King of Pruſſia, will have a perſonal Conference ſome Time between this and September next, and that a Place will ſpeedily be appointed for this illuſtrious Meeting.

April 13. The Conſideration of Affairs reſpecting the Weſtern Continent, is again deferred till after the Adjournment of Parliament.

April 14. *The Lord Mayor, in ſpeaking laſt Thurſday of the unparalleled Behaviour of the three diſſenting Companies, among other Things ſaid,* "*If the Precepts of your Chief Magiſtrate are to be controlled, what Need have you for a Chief Magiſtrate? If every Maſter of a Company has an abſolute independent Power over the Livery of his Company, the Power of your Lord Mayor is at an End. Inſtead of one Lord Mayor, you will then have* 64 *Lord Mayors.*"

We hear that Mr. Wilkes, againſt the Advice of many of his Friends, is determined, on his Enlargement, to go to a certain Place, and to demand, in Perſon, to be admitted to take his Seat, as M----r for the C----y of M-------x. The Manner of this Proceeding being without a Precedent, it is thought the Conſequences of it will be ſo too, and that they will occaſion a greater Confuſion in the Kingdom, than any Circumſtance reſpecting Mr. Wilkes has hitherto done.

Letters from Gibraltar mention, that they were in daily Expectation of receiving Accounts of an Action between the Ruſſian and Turkiſh Fleets, which in all Probability would decide the Fate of the latter, their whole naval Powers being collected on this Occaſion.

No Credit is now given in the City to the late Rumours of an approaching War with any of the continental Powers.

It was reported this Day, about Noon, that a certain foreign Ambaſſador has complained, in pretty ſevere Terms, of the dark Inſinuations lately thrown out by a noble Earl, reſpecting a Blow affirmed to have been ſtruck againſt this Nation, which he thinks highly reflects upon the Honour of his Maſter.

April 16. *A private Letter from Amſterdam mentions, that* 100 *Tons of Tea were actually ſhipped on board a Dutch Veſſel, the latter End of March laſt, for St. Euſtatia, with Deſign to be ſold to the North-American Veſſels which conſtantly reſort there.*

They write from Hamburgh, that the Court of Peterſburgh ſeem ſomewhat alarmed for the Fate of the Ruſſian Squadron, ſhould it be attacked by the French and Spaniſh Fleets, which had occaſioned the holding divers Councils, at the Breaking up of which, Couriers were diſpatched to the different Northern Courts in Alliance with her Majeſty.

They write from Chicheſter, in Glouceſterſhire, that the Ladies there are ſo zealous in the Cauſe of Mr. Wilkes, that they intend giving a Ball to the Gentlemen, on the Night of Mr. Wilkes's Releaſement, and that they have already diſperſed Tickets for that Purpoſe.

April 17. MONITOR *addreſſes the* PEOPLE *as follows*; "*If Peace and Quietneſs can be preſeved upon the joyful Occaſion of Mr. Wilkes's Enlargement from the Bonds of Oppreſſion, it will give great Encouragement to all the true Friends of Liberty and our Conſtitution; and will, at the ſame Time, be the heavieſt Blow upon miniſterial Tools and Sycophants they have yet felt. Our excellent Lord Mayor has engaged his Authority, and Mr. Wilkes has begged it as a Favour to keep the Publick Peace. Theſe are Motives, which I make no Doubt will have their due Influence upon you. I have only to add one Piece of Advice, which I am perſuaded many of you have already determined upon; that is, if any Perſons mix among you who ſhall prompt you to break Windows, ſecure that Man directly, and carry him before my Lord Mayor. By this you will gain great Honour to yourſelves, and find out, perhaps, to your own Surprize, who they are who have firſt prompted you to Miſchief, and then ſcandalouſly ſneaked off to leave you to anſwer for it.*"

Extract of a Letter from Portſmouth, April 15.

"*On Friday at* 4 *o'Clock Admiral Elphinſton got under Sail at Spithead, with ſix Ships of the Line, and four Tranſports, and tho' a fair Wind, and brisk Gale, the Admiral was obliged to lie to for ſeveral Hours, waiting for his Tranſports and Tender to come out. The People on board the Swallow mutinied, for ſome Trifle, amongſt themſelves, which occaſioned the Admiral to hoiſt a Blue Flag at the Main-top, as a Signal for the Tranſports to come out,---which they diſregarded; on which the Admiral immediately ſent armed Boats, and brought them out. The above Signal was taken by many for the Admiral's Flag, and interpreted to his Diſadvantage; but it ought to be conſidered that Mr. Elphinſton is a Rear-Admiral, and if he had hoiſted his Flag, it would have been at the Mizen; but that was not the Caſe---he did not hoiſt his Flag, nor does he intend to do ſo till he gets out of the narrow Seas.*

"*The next Morning, by Ten o' Clock, they were all out of Sight.*

"*A Meſſenger arrived here on Saturday Morning, with Buſineſs of Conſequence to the Ruſſian Fleet, but they were gone too far to be overtaken.*"

An Act to repeal ſo much of an Act, made in the Seventh Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for granting certain Duties in the* Britiſh *Colonies and Plantations in* America; *for allowing a Drawback of the Duties of Cuſtoms upon the Exportation, from this Kingdom, of Coffee and Cocoa Nuts of the Produce of the ſaid Colonies or Plantations; for diſcontinuing the Drawbacks payable on China Earthen Ware exported to* America; *and for more effectually preventing the clandeſtine running of Goods in the ſaid Colonies and Plantations,* as relates to the Duties upon Glaſs, Red-lead, White-lead, Painters Colours, Paper, Paſte-boards, Mill and Scale-boards, of the Produce or Manufacture of *Great-Britain,* imported into any of His Majeſty's Colonies in *America*; and alſo to the diſcontinuing the Drawbacks payable on China Earthen-ware, exported to *America*; and for regulating the Exportation thereof.

WHEREAS in and by an Act, paſſed in the Seventh Year of His Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for granting certain Duties in the* Britiſh *Colonies and Plantations in* America; *for allowing a Drawback of the Duties of Cuſtoms upon the Exportation, from this Kingdom, of Coffee and Cocoa Nuts of the Produce of the ſaid Colonies or Plantations; for diſcontinuing the Drawbacks payable on China Earthen-ware exported to* America; *and for more effectually preventing the clandeſtine running of Goods in the ſaid Colonies and Plantations,* it was, amongſt other Things, enacted, That there ſhould be raiſed, levied, collected, and paid unto His Majeſty, His Heirs, and Succeſſors, certain Duties upon Glaſs, Red-lead, White-lead, Painters Colours, and upon the ſeveral Sorts of Paper therein mentioned; as alſo upon all Paſte-board, Mill-board, and Scale-board, which ſhould be imported into any Colony or Plantation in *America,* under the Dominion of His Majeſty, His Heirs and Succeſſors: And whereas the ſaid Duties, in ſo far as they affect the Produce and Manufacture of *Great-Britain,* do in their Nature tend to the Prejudice and Diſcouragement thereof, and are therefore contrary to the true Principles of Commerce: May it therefore pleaſe your moſt Excellent Majeſty, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That, from and after the Firſt Day of *December,* One Thouſand Seven Hundred and Seventy, ſo much of the ſaid before-recited Act as relates to the Duties thereby granted upon the reſpective Goods herein before mentioned, ſuch Goods being of the Produce and Manufacture of *Great-Britain,* ſhall, in reſpect of all ſuch of the ſaid Goods as are of the Produce and Manufacture of *Great-Britain,* be, and the ſame is hereby repealed and made void, to all Intents and Purpoſes whatſoever.

And whereas, in and by the ſaid before-recited Act, it was alſo further enacted, That no Drawback ſhall be allowed for any China Earthen-ware, ſold after the paſſing of that Act at the Sale of the United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *Eaſt-Indies,* which ſhall be entered for Exportation from *Great-Britain* to any Part of *America*: And whereas the allowing the ſaid Drawback, under certain Reſtrictions, may encourage and ſecure the immediate Trade of this Kingdom with the *Britiſh* Colonies and Plantations in *America*; be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Firſt Day of *December,* One Thouſand Seven Hundred and Seventy, the ſaid Clauſe in the before-recited Act of the Seventh Year of His Majeſty's Reign, diſcontinuing the ſaid Drawback, payable upon China Earthenware exported to *America,* ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby declared to be repealed and made void.

Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid Firſt Day of *December,* no Drawback ſhall be paid or allowed for any China Earthenware, exported or entered for Exportation from this Kingdom, to any Place whatſoever, unleſs the ſame ſhall be packed up in the Preſence of a proper Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms appointed for that Purpoſe, in ſome Warehouſe belonging to the United Company of Merchants trading to the *Eaſt-Indies,* wherein the ſame ſhall have been lodged at Importation, and ſhall be ſent to be exported directly from ſuch Warehouſe, under the Seal and Care of ſuch Officer or Officers of the Cuſtoms; any Law, Cuſtom, or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding."

WILLIAMSBURG, May 24.

By the Maſter of a Veſſel from the Weſt-Indies, arrived at Hampton laſt Friday, we are informed, that, being ſcarce of Water, and off the Havannah, he went into the Harbour with his Boat, in order to procure a Supply; but was immediately ordered out, although the Water was ſent after him. He counted in that Harbour 22 Ships of the Line, moſt of which arrived there a few Days before.

ANNAPOLIS, *May* 31.

We hear that a Veſſel is juſt arrived from Rhode-Iſland, and as we have Accounts from the Northward, that the Inhabitants of that Colony have broke through the Aſſociation entered into by the Provinces in general, we inſert this, in order that the Public may be cautious.

To the PRINTERS.

Baltimore-Town, May 28, 1770.

ON Thurſday, the 24th Inſtant, arrived here the Ship Cambridge, Robert Hutton, Maſter, from Liverpool, with a Cargoe of ſundry European and Eaſt-India Goods on board, to the Amount of £ 2360 : 13 : 7 Sterling, the Property of Mr. James Ward, of Liverpool, who came Paſſenger in the ſaid Ship. Mr. Ward, immediately on his Arrival, deſired a Meeting of the Committee of Inſpection, to enquire into the Propriety of the Importation----They accordingly met the ſame Day, and after examining Invoices, &c. reported to a general Meeting of the Merchants, held the 25th, that Goods in the ſaid Cargoe, to the Amount of £ 1292 : 12 : 3 Half-penny Sterling, appeared contrary to the general Aſſociation of this Province.----A Chairman being choſe, the following Queſtions were put, viz.

1ſt, Whether the Cargoe imported by Mr. Ward, is agreeable to the Aſſociation or not? Reſolved unanimouſly in the Negative.

2d, Whether ſuch Goods that are allowed to be imported under the Aſſociation, and are not mixed and blended with thoſe contrary to it, ſhall be landed or not? Reſolved in the Affirmative.

3d, Whether ſuch of the above Goods that are contrary to the Aſſociation, ſhall be landed and ſtored or not? Reſolved in the Negative.

With this Determination Mr. Ward willingly acquieſced, and as he found it would not anſwer the Purpoſe to land only the Goods allowed by the Aſſociation, and packed ſeparately, choſe to carry the whole out of the Province. The Ship Cambridge accordingly ſailed from Baltimore the 26th, as it is ſuppoſed for Virginia.

BOSTON, May 24.

In Conſequence of a Letter from the Committee of Merchants in Philadelphia, to the Committee of Merchants in this Town, brought by Expreſs laſt Tueſday Evening, deſiring to know the Senſe of our Merchants, Traders, &c. reſpecting the Non-importation Agreement,----a Meeting was called the Day following at Faneuil-Hall, and, after full and fair Debates upon the Subject Matter of ſaid Letter,---it was VOTED, *almoſt unanimouſly,---That we would ſtill ſtrictly adhere to the Non-importation Agreement, entered into the* 19th *of October laſt, not to import Goods from Great-Britain, till the Act, laying Duties on Tea, Paper, Glaſs, Colours, &c. is totally repealed.----This Meeting was as large and reſpectable a One as has been held upon ſuch an Occaſion, and the Spirit and Reſolution manifeſted by* 99 *out of* 100, *to ſupport their Rights and Privileges at all Events, would do Honour to any People.---And our Brethren of the other Colonies may depend upon it, that the Inhabitants of Boſton will not be ſo loſt to a Senſe of Honour, and the general Intereſt, as to give the leaſt Opening for a Departure from thoſe Meaſures, which, under Providence, are the moſt likely to work out our political Salvation.*

May 28.

At a Meeting of the Trade, &c. of this Town, at Faneuil-Hall, on Friday laſt, a Letter was laid before the Body, lately received from the Standing Committee of Merchants in Newport, Rhode-Iſland; adviſing that ſeveral Perſons (who, it is ſaid, are chiefly Jews) had imported Goods from Great-Britain, and refuſed to ſubmit to have them ſtored, agreeable to their plighted Promiſe---It appeared that the Merchants and Inhabitants of Newport, were ſo far from diſcovering that Reſolution upon this Occaſion, which becomes Americans ſtruggling for their Rights, as that even their Sincerity in the Cauſe is juſtly to be ſuſpected. In this View of the Matter, the following Votes were paſſed.

HAVING, *by a Letter from the late Standing Committee of Merchants at Newport, dated May* 9th, 1770, *been informed that ſeveral Perſons of that Place have lately imported Engliſh and Eaſt-India Goods from London, and have refuſed to ſtore the ſame, in direct Contravention and Defiance of their own Agreement, entered into and ſubſcribed on the* 30th *of October laſt, by which every Perſon who entered into it, pledged his Word and Honour, "that if any "European or Eaſt-India Goods ſhould arrive in that Colony upon his "or their Account, after the firſt of January* 1770, *the ſame ſhould "be ſtored, and not offered or expoſed to Sale, until the Act impoſing "Duties on Paper, &c. for the ſole and expreſs Purpoſe of raiſing a "Revenue in America, ſhould be repealed:" Therefore,*

VOTED, As the Senſe of this Body, that the Conduct of the ſaid Perſons, betrays a Contempt of all the Sentiments of Faith, Truth, Sincerity, and Honour; as well as a total Inſenſibility to the Intereſt and Liberties of their Country and Poſterity. And therefore that we will renounce all Commerce, Connection, and Intercourſe with them: And as the Inhabitants of Newport in general, have not expreſſed that Deteſtation and Reſentment of ſuch baſe and perfidious Behaviour, which their Siſter Colonies had juſt Reaſon to expect, we will break off all Trade and Commerce with the Inhabitants of ſaid Town of Newport, until they ſhall have given full Satisfaction for their baſe Duplicity of Conduct towards their Brethren on the Continent. And we rely upon the public Spirit and Virtue of the Inhabitants of Salem, Nantucket, and other trading and fiſhing Towns in this Province; as alſo of the Provinces and Colonies of Connecticut, New-York, New-Jerſey, Pennſylvania, Maryland, Virginia, the Carolina's, &c. that they will heartily concur with us in this Reſolution.

And further VOTED, That we will view in the ſame odious Light, and treat in the ſame contemptuous and reſentful Manner, all thoſe, who ſhall hold Commerce with the ſaid Merchants and Inhabitants of Newport, as we do thoſe who are wicked and hardy enough to have Communion with the few Importers reſiding in this Province.

VOTED, That the Standing Committee of Merchants be, and hereby are deſired to tranſmit a Copy of the foregoing Vote to the late Standing Committee of Merchants in Newport; who in their Letter have expreſſed the Sentiments of public Spirit, and a juſt Abhorrence of the Perfidy of the aforeſaid Importers, and the mercenary Diſpoſition which their Conduct have evidently diſcovered.

NEW-YORK, May 31.

We hear that the Britannia, Capt. Miller, has brought over the Statues of his Majeſty and Mr. Pitt, now Earl of Chatham, alſo a large Bell for the new North-Church in this City, the Gift of Simon Jonhſon, Eſq; to ſaid Church; alſo Part of the Governor's Baggage, and ſeveral Servants.

June 4. Capt. Branyan, in 28 Days from St. Ubes, acquaints us, that Captain Adamſon was to ſail for the Weſtern-Iſlands and Philadelphia, in a few Days after him. Laſt Monday Captain Branyan ſpoke with a Sloop from Rhode-Iſland, for Penſacola, two Days out; and the ſame Day, in Soundings, he fell in with a Sloop from Philadelphia for Boſton.

Captain James Chambers, in a Brig belonging to this Port, is caſt away on Trinidada, in his Paſſage from the Muſqueto Shore for Jamaica; the Veſſel entirely loſt, but the Cargoe and Crew are ſaved; and it is ſaid Captain Chambers was put into Priſon by the Spaniards.

Yeſterday the Duke of Cumberland Packet, Captain Goodridge, ſailed with the Mail for Falmouth.

ADVERTISEMENT.

THE preſent alarming Criſis renders it neceſſary for the Inhabitants of this City and County to be convened, in order to deliberate on Meaſures to ſupport the Liberties of this Country, which have been invaded by a tyrannical Miniſtry. This is therefore to give Notice to the Friends of Liberty, of all Ranks, that a Meeting for the above ſalutary Purpoſe is to be held this Evening (being Wedneſday) at 6 o'Clock, at the City Hall, where a Matter of the utmoſt Importance to the People of this Colony is to be communicated, and deliberated upon. Every Friend to his Country is requeſted to attend.

New-York, May 30, 1770.

Early on laſt Wednesday Morning the above Advertiſement was paſted up in the moſt public Places of, and carried thro', the City, which brought together at the City Hall, about 7 o'Clock in the Evening, a conſiderable Number of the Inhabitants, of all Ranks, to whom the following Reſolutions were twice read, and agreed to by a very great Majority.

WHEREAS the Enemies to the Liberties of America, in Great-Britain, have declared, in order to ſupport their Tyranny, that the laudable Agreement entered into by the Merchants of North-America, not to import Goods until the Act of Parliament impoſing a Duty on Paper, Glaſs, Painters Colours and Tea, was repealed, was broke thro', and at an End. And whereas the Merchants of Newport, in the Colony of Rhode-Iſland, altho' they acceded to the above Compact very late, by which they have greatly advanced their private Intereſts, and injured the Cauſe of Liberty, in which they, in common with the other Colonies, are intereſted, have, notwithſtanding theſe Conſiderations, being loſt to all Senſe of public Virtue, and influenced by a ſordid Regard to private Gain, lately received Engliſh and Eaſt-India Goods, contrary to their own voluntary and ſolemn Contract, and thereby violated their Faith pledged to the other Colonies, ſo that they have given too much Ground for our Enemies to triumph, and to diſcourage the noble Struggles now making to preſerve the Liberties of this Country. In order therefore to prevent the former, and ſupport the latter, and, if poſſible, to bring them to a Senſe of their Duty;

RESOLVED, That the Merchants of Newport, or any others, who have violated the Non-importation Agreement, are, for that inglorious Defection from the Intereſt of their Country, declared Enemies to the Liberties of North-America, and that unleſs they return to their Duty, we will treat them as ſuch.

RESOLVED, That we will have no Trade or Commerce with the Merchants of the Colony of Rhode-Iſland, or any of its Inhabitants, but on Condition, that the Merchants of that Colony ſolemnly declare on Oath, that they will ſtrictly obſerve and maintain the Non-importation Agreement, and uſe the beſt Endeavours to oblige others to conform to it, while the ſame is adhered to by the capital Towns on the Continent; and as an Evidence of their Sincerity, immediately re-ſhip all the Goods unſold, to Great-Britain, which they have imported contrary to their Agreement, and ſend us two reputable Merchants, who have been Witneſſes of the other Merchants being qualified as above required, and of the Departure of the ſaid Goods; and alſo, that they give ſtrict Orders to the Maſters of their Veſſels trading to Great-Britain, not to take any Goods on board not allowed by the Agreement, for any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever: And if any Goods ſhould arrive in their Veſſels, contrary to the Non-importation Agreement, that they cauſe them to be re-ſhipped to Great-Britain, or to whatever Place they were imported from.

RESOLVED, That if the Merchants of the ſaid Colony do not, in one Month after the Date hereof, comply with the Requiſitions in the preceding Reſolution, altho' the Act of Parliament impoſing the aforeſaid Duties ſhould be totally repealed, yet we will hold the Merchants and Inhabitants of that Colony in the utmoſt Contempt and Abhorrence, in order to tranſmit to our Poſterity the ſtrongeſt Evidence of our Deteſtation of the baſe Conduct of the Enemies of the Liberties of their Country.

RESOLVED, That we will uſe our Endeavours with the Merchants and Inhabitants of the neighbouring Colonies to come into Reſolutions ſimilar to theſe.

RESOLVED, That it is the Opinion of the Inhabitants now met, that the Veſſels trading from Rhode-Iſland, now in this Port, do depart in 24 Hours from the Diſſolution of this Convention; and that the Maſters of ſuch Veſſels, as have lately arrived from that Colony, be deſired to depart, without unloading any Part of their Cargoes.

RESOLVED, That we will, to the utmoſt of our Power, by all legal Means, preſerve the Non-importation Agreement inviolate in the City and Colony, until the Act aforeſaid is totally repealed; and that we will not buy any Goods from any Perſon or Perſons who ſhall tranſgreſs that ſalutary Agreement, and that we will uſe our utmoſt Influence to prevent others from purchaſing Goods from them.

RESOLVED, That the Goods imported Yeſterday in Captain Spier, from Glaſgow, contrary to the Non-importation Agreement, ſhall not be landed in any Part of this Colony, under any Pretence whatſoever, but that the ſame ſhall be exported without Delay to Great-Britain; and that Meſſieurs Walter and Thomas Buchanan, and the ſaid Captain, in order to ſatisfy the Public, declare, without Loſs of Time, that they will uſe their utmoſt Endeavours, that this Reſolution be punctually complied with.

New-York, May 30, 1770.

In Conſequence of the above Meeting, the Committee of Merchants on Thurſday Evening, publiſhed an Advertiſement, intimating, That the Meeting was called without the Knowledge of the Committee appointed to inſpect into the Importation of Goods, and there undertook to paſs Reſolves, on a Matter ſettled the Evening before, to the entire Satisfaction of the Perſons choſen for that Purpoſe; by which irregular Proceeding, they conſidered themſelves no longer a Committee. They therefore requeſted the Inhabitants to meet at the Coffee-Houſe, on Friday, to chooſe another Committee. A conſiderable Number of the Inhabitants accordingly met at the Place appointed, and agreed, that the Committee who had hitherto acted ſhould ſtill continue;---and returned them Thanks for their upright Conduct, in ſupporting the Non-importation Agreement; which the Inhabitants of this Province are determined ſtrictly to adhere to.

PHILADELPHIA, *June* 7.

At a General Meeting, held at the State-Houſe, on Tueſday Afternoon, the Subſcribers to the Non-Importation Agreement, having met by themſelves, and duly and deliberately weighed the Matter for which they were convened, agreed, almoſt unanimouſly, to adopt and abide by the Opinion of 21 Gentlemen, choſen at the laſt General Meeting, which is, "That there "ſhould not at this Time be any Alteration made in the Agree-"ment, ſo generouſly entered into by the Merchants of this "City, on the 10th of March, 1769."

The Brig Good Intent, Captain Errington, is arrived in London, from Maryland, with a large Quantity of Goods, imported contrary to the Non-importation Agreement of the Merchants of that Province.

On Tueſday laſt the Reverend Mr. WHITEFIELD ſet out from this Place for Reading and Lancaſter; and, it is ſaid, will return here again in about a Fortnight, in his Way to the Northward. During his Stay among us, he preached every other Day, at different Places of Worſhip, to very crouded Auditories.

The ſame Day the Ship Leghorn Galley, Captain Carroll, arrived here from London.

On the 4th of this inſtant June, departed this Life, in the 38th Year of her Age, Mrs. MARGARET MACPHERSON, the Wife of Captain JOHN MACPHERSON; a Woman eminent in the Character of a dutiful and faithful Wife, an affectionate Mother, a tender Miſtreſs, and benevolent Friend. She maintained that Integrity and Reſignation to the Diſpenſations of Divine Providence, which always accompanies a good Conſcience. In her laſt Illneſs, ſhe was remarkably calm and ſerene; ſhe diſcovered no Appearance of Fear at the Approach of Death; ſhe has left a hopeful Offſpring behind her, whoſe filial Affection ſhews how ſenſible they are of ſo great a Loſs in a Mother. And Yeſterday her Remains were accompanied by a large Number of reſpectable Perſons to the Preſbyterian Burying Ground.

Captain Martin, from St. Croix, on the 15th ult. in Lat. 21: 30, Long. 65, ſpoke a Schooner from St. Euſtatia for Maryland; and on the 27th, in Soundings, he ſpoke a Sloop from Virginia for the Grenades, out 24 Hours.

Captain M'Ilvaine, from Londonderry, on the 20th of laſt Month, in Lat. 38: 56, Long. 56, ſpoke the Ship Hawke, Captain Bingley, from this Port for Liſbon, all well.

Captain Murdoch, from St. Euſtatia, on the 25th of May, in Lat. 34: 15, Long. 68, ſpoke the Snow Britannia, Captain Kean, from North-Carolina for Briſtol, 8 Days out, all well.

Captain Keais, from Barcelona, but laſt from Gibraltar, informs, that on the 28th of March, the Ship Franklin, Captain Byvanks, of New-York, ſailed from Gibraltar for Barcelona. On the 17th ult. in Lat. 31: 27, Long. 58, he ſpoke a Sloop from Newberry for Dominica, 17 Days out; 19th, in Lat. 33: 9, Long. 60: 12, ſpoke a Brig from Piſcataqua for the Grenades; 24th, in Lat. 36: 7, Long. 69, ſpoke the Ship Naſſau, from Liverpool for Virginia, out 38 Days; and on the 27th, in Lat. 39, Long. 71, he ſpoke a Ship, Captain Durell, from New-York for Newfoundland, out one Day.

Captain Montgomery, from Liſbon, on the 20th ult. in Lat. 24, Long. 58: 30, ſpoke a Sloop, Captain Martin, from Virginia for Barbados, 26 Days out, all well.

Captain Holly, in 8 Weeks from the Bay of Honduras, informs, that Captain Moore, in a Brig for New-York; and Captain Aſkew, in a Ship belonging to Rhode-Iſland, bound for Holland, left the Bay in Company with him. On the 22d of April, off Cape Anthony, he ſpoke a Sloop, Captain Cranſton, for Newport, and a Brig, Captain Lambert, for Salem, both from Jamaica; and on the 13th of May, off Cuba, he ſpoke a Brig, Captain Weſt, from Jamaica for New-York, 17 Days out. Captain Holly put into Charleſtown for Water, and on the 25th ult. in coming out, he ſpoke a Ship from this Port going in there.

Captain Aſhmead, from Barbados, on the 24th of May, in Lat. 27: 55, Long. 67, ſpoke a Sloop, Captain Durell, from New-York for Jamaica, 14 Days out, all well.

Captain Richards, from Virginia, informs, that laſt Saturday Morning he ſaw a large Ship aſhore at Cape Henry; and another Veſſel, diſmaſted, which, he thinks, went both aſhore on Thurſday Night.

Arrived from Philadelphia. Captains Ferguſon, and Malcolm, at Belfaſt; M'Gowan, at Londonderry; Smith, at Newry; and Captain Savage, at Liſbon.

☞ The agreeable and intereſting Account (received from the AMERICAN PHILOSOPHICAL SOCIETY) of the Quantity of HOME-SPUN, manufactured among the induſtrious Inhabitants of the Borough of Lancaſter, from May 1, 1769, to May 1, 1770, is come to Hand, and ſhall have a proper Place in our next.

*** For Extracts of Letters from London, and a Copy of Minutes of Council, relating to Governor Bernard; alſo for a Piece, ſigned, *A Friend to Liberty*, ſee the SUPPLEMENT.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Brig Mansfield, S. Harvey, and Brig Pallas, J. Montgomery, Liſbon. Ship Nancy and Sucky, W. Keais, Barcelona. Sloop Potomack, S. Sydebotham, and Sloop Herring, B. Richards, Maryland. Schooner Suſanna, E. Wales, Boſton. Brig Sarah Ann, J. Shields, Jamaica. Brig St. James, J. Martin, St. Croix. Sloop Endeavour, L. Whittredge, St. Lucea. Brig Nancy, T. Murdoch, St. Euſtatia. Schooner Polly, N. Jackſon, New-England. Sloop Sarah, J. Stiles, and Sloop Rebeccah and Sally, J. Holly, Honduras. Ship Marquis of Granby, A. M'Ilvaine, Londonderry. Sloop Sidney, J. Oliver, N. Carolina. Sloop Mary Ann, W. Huffington, Virginia. Ship Leghorn Galley, P. Carroll, London. Sloop Polly, J. Aſhmead, from Barbados.

OUTWARDS. Brig Rachel, L. Simmons, for Barbados. Ship Clarendon, J. Carr, Jamaica. Sloop Elizabeth and Sarah, J. Bedlow, St. Croix. Sloop Rutland, B. Howard, St. Vincent. Schooner Elizabeth, E. Wales, Halifax. Schooner Nancy, A. Mills, for North-Carolina.

CLEARED. Brig Cornelia, B. Peel, and Ship Alexander, J. Sullivan, to Oporto. Sloop Juno, P. White, St. Croix. Sloop Benjamin, S. P. Allen, St. Martins. Sloop Polly and Nancy, A. M. Taggart, Indian River. Sloop Rebeccah, J. M'Cary, Maryland. Schooner Samuel, W. Mugford, Portſmouth, N. E. Ship Minerva, D. Gregory, Cadiz. Brig Conſtant Friends, P. Flyn, and Brig Betſy, R. Inkſon, Grenades. Snow Roſe, G. Ord, and Snow Britannia, R. Eyres, Liſbon. Schooner Pennſylvania Packet, J. Dougherty, and Sloop Polly, J. Warner, N. Carolina. Brig George, G. Thompſon, and Brig Nancy, J. Hanſe, Jamaica. Sloop Francis, R. Dickenſon, St. Vincent. Sloop Sally, J. Blewer, S. Carolina. Ship Mercury, J. Steel, Barbados. Schooner Duke and Dutcheſs, J. Holden, Virginia. Brig Suſanna, E. Howes, to Cape-Nicola.

Philadelphia, June 6, 1770.

STRAYED, from this City, about 3 Weeks ago, A LARGE black COW, ſuppoſed to be about ſeven or eight Years old, is in good Order, has a Piece of Wood acroſs her Horns, faſtened down with Nails over it, the Tip Ends ſawed off. Whoever takes up ſaid COW, and brings her to the Subſcriber, ſhall have TEN SHILLINGS Reward, paid by

¶ JAMES BRINGHURST.

TO BE LETT,

And may be entered on immediately,

A DWELLING-HOUSE, Bake-Houſe, and Wharff, ſituate near the South End of the City. Likewiſe, a ſmall two Story Brick HOUSE, near the Subſcriber's. For Terms, treat with JOHN MIFFLIN, near Walnut-ſtreet. Tf.

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away, the 24th of April laſt, from the ſubſcriber, living in Saliſbury townſhip, Lancaſter county, an Iriſh ſervant girl, named Agnes Mackey, about 20 years of age, brown hair, wears ſometimes ribbons, and ſometimes caps, long noſe, and ſome ſmall pock-marks on and about her noſe; had on, and took with her, a coarſe ſhift, two bed-gowns, the one ſtriped linſey, very much broken at the breaſt, and pieced with cloth of a different colour from the body, the other calicoe, black and white, lined with ſtriped linen, two linſey petticoats, one ſtriped, the other a walnut colour, two caps for a child, and linen to make more, old ſhoes, with low leather heels, braſs buckles, not fellows, large breaſts; ſhe was ſeen near Lancaſter, pretends to be married, and ſays ſhe is with child, which it is ſuppoſed ſhe is, but is not married. She cannot read a word. Whoever ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo as her maſter may have her again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by me JARED GRAHAM. ¶

Warwick, June 4, 1770.

WAS taken up, near the Subſcriber's, on the 20th of May laſt, a likely brown MARE, with a Star in her Forehead, in good Order, ſhod all round, paces and trots. The Owner is deſired to come, prove his Property, pay Charges, and take her away. NATHANIEL ELLICOTT. ¶

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Thurſday, the 7th of June, at 6 o'clock in the afternoon, at the London Coffee-Houſe,-----Nine Lots or pieces of ground, ſituate in the townſhip of Blockley, near the river Schuylkill, viz. No. 1, containing 7 acres and a half, and 4 perches of land (lately cleared) bounded by the road leading from Schuylkill Mill to the Middle Ferry, and by the road leading from Lancaſter road to ſaid mill.----No. 2, containing 7 acres of land (lately cleared) bounded by the road leading from Schuylkill Mill to the Middle Ferry.----No. 3, containing 10 acres, 1 quarter, and 15 perches of land (lately cleared) bounded by Marſhall's road, leading to the Middle Ferry, and the road leading from Lancaſter road to Schuylkill Mill.----No. 4, containing 10 acres and 15 perches of clear, and chiefly old land, bounded by Marſhall's road aforeſaid.---- No. 5, containing 15 acres, 1 quarter, and 18 perches of land, about one fifth part thereof cleared, the remainder good well timbered woodland, with a never-failing ſpring of water thereon; bounded by Marſhall's road.----No. 6, containing 17 acres, 1 quarter, and 22 perches of land, about a fourth part thereof cleared, the remainder good woodland, well timbered, and a never-failing ſpring of water thereon; bounded by lots No. 5 and 7, and has the privilege of a road extending into Marſhall's road aforeſaid.-----No. 7, containing 12 acres and a half, and 33 perches of land, about one fourth thereof cleared, the remainder well timbered, and likewiſe a never-failing ſpring of water, which runs through the whole lot; bounded by the road leading from Schuylkill Mill to the Middle Ferry.----No. 8, containing 9 acres, 3 quarters, and 13 perches of land, all well timbered, and ſupplied with water from the above ſprings; bounded by the road leading from Schuylkill Mill to the Middle Ferry.---- No. 9, containing 8 acres, 1 quarter, and 16 perches of land, well timbered, and likewiſe ſupplied with water by the abovementioned ſprings; bounded by the laſt aforementioned road. The above deſcribed lots are very ſuitable for Gentlemens country ſeats, on account of their high and pleaſant ſituation, and the beautiful and extenſive proſpect; plans thereof may be ſeen at George Gray's, at the Lower Ferry; at Jonathan Humphreys's, at the Middle Ferry; and at the London Coffee houſe; the ſaid lots are part of the eſtate of Richard Gardiner; ſeized and taken in execution by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

The Subſcriber begs Leave to inform the PUBLIC,

THAT he is now ſettled at ROCK-HALL, in Kent County, in the Province of Maryland, in the Houſe lately kept by Abraham Ayres.----He has as good Boats and Hands as any belonging to the Bay, and carries Paſſengers, Horſes, Carriages, &c. from ſaid Place, to and from ANNAPOLIS and BALTIMORE-TOWN.----The ſaid Houſe is already much improved in Point of Appearance, and a large Addition is now making to it, and will be compleated by the Fall, which will add much to its Convenience for public Entertainment, and as he is determined to keep a good Houſe in every Reſpect, and his Boats in the beſt Order, he humbly requeſts the Countenance of thoſe Gentlemen travelling to and from the Northward, that chooſe to croſs the Bay at ROCK-HALL, and they may depend on being treated with the greateſt good Manners, and ſerved with the utmoſt Diſpatch, by their humble Servant,

‖ 8 W. BAZIL WHEELER.

RUN away from Tappahanock in Eſſex County, Virginia, on the 5th of March laſt, a likely NEGROE Fellow, named HARRY, about 5 Feet 7 Inches high, aged about 27 Years, of a yelloviſh Complexion: Had on, when he went away, a green Cotton Waiſtcoat and Breeches, with Horn Buttons; the Fellow is pretty ſenſible, and has been at Philadelphia by Land once or twice. Any Perſon that will deliver me the ſaid Slave, at Tappahanock in Virginia, ſhall receive FIVE POUNDS Reward, if taken up out of the Colony, and Fifty Shillings, if taken in Virginia.

4 W. JOHN CORRIE.

Reading, June 1, 1770.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Tueſday, the 10th day of July next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at Charming Forge, in the townſhip of Tulpehocken, one undivided moiety or half part of and in the following lands, with the Appurtenances, to wit.---One tract, containing 88 acres, whereon the ſaid forge and ſundry buildings are erected.---One other tract, containing 70 acres, with ſome improvements thereon.---One other tract, containing 400 acres.--- One other tract, containing 60 Acres.---One other tract, containing 200 acres.----One other tract, containing 700 acres.---- One other tract, containing 1200 acres.----And one other tract, containing 1000 acres, all in the county of Berks; ſurveyed for the uſe of the forge aforeſaid; late the eſtate of Meſſrs. Charles and Alexander Stedman; ſeized, and taken in execution, by

¶ JACOB SHOEMAKER, Sheriff.

STRAYED from the ſubſcriber, about three weeks ago, a COW, of a light red colour, ſomewhat inclined to brown, and is of a midling heavy ſize, has a ſort of a bull head, with thick horns; has a ſquare bag, flings her right hind foot out as ſhe walks. Whoever has, or takes up ſaid cow, ſo as the owner may have her again, ſhall have One Dollar reward, by bringing her to RUDOLPH FEEL, living in Moyamenſing townſhip, near the new Alms-houſe, Philadelphia. *June* 4, 1770. ¶

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE,

At the London Coffee-Houſe, on Friday, the 22d of June 1770, at Six o'Clock in the Evening, if not diſpoſed of by private Sale before,

A GOOD three Story Brick Houſe, and a two Story Brick Kitchen, a Bake-oven, and half Part of a Neceſſary-houſe, and Lot of Ground, ſituate on the North Side of Vine-ſtreet, near the Corner of Second-ſtreet, containing in Breadth 19 Feet, including the half Part of a 3 Feet Alley, and in Depth about 94 Feet, clear of Groundrent, £ 100 of the Purchaſe Money may be left a conſiderable Time upon Intereſt, on giving Security. For further Particulars, enquire of the Subſcriber, living on the Premiſes. ANDREW SHAFFER. ¶

Cheſter County, May 27, 1770.

THIS Day was committed to my Cuſtody, on Suſpicion of being a Runaway Servant, an Iriſh Man, who calls himſelf George Adams, he is about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, of a fair Complexion, wears his own Hair, of a lightiſh Colour, tied behind; had on, when committed, a ſpotted Flannel Jacket, without Sleeves, a Flaxen Shirt, patched Trowſers, Felt Hat, and coarſe Shoes. His Maſter (if any) is deſired to come, pay Charges, and take him away; or he will be diſcharged, in five Weeks from the Date hereof, JOSEPH THOMAS, Goaler. §

To be DISPOSED OF, for 4 Years,

TWO Iriſh SERVANTS, a Man and Woman; the Man 20 Years of Age, ſtrong, healthy, and very fit for farming, or other labouring Work; the Woman about 16 Years of Age, ſtrong, healthy, and likely, underſtands Cookery, Houſe-work, &c. and can card and ſpin, waſh, and do up Linen in the neateſt Manner. Enquire of RICHARD CURTIS, Maſter of the Charlotte Snow, at Warder's Wharff. ¶

New-Caſtle County, May 19, 1770.

ON Friday, the 15th Day of June next, will be expoſed to Sale, at public Vendue, a certain Tract or Parcel of Land, ſituate in St. George's Hundred, and County aforeſaid, containing 280 Acres of extraordinary valuable Land, well watered, with a Dwelling-houſe and Barn, and now rents for Sixty Pounds per Year, adjoining the Lands of John Jones, Eſq; Charles Bryans, and others, being Part of the real Eſtate of William Whittet, deceaſed. Attendance will be given on the Premiſes, by Richard Cantwell, Executor of the Deceaſed, or ſaid Cantwell's Attorney. By Order of the Orphan's Court,

¶ RICHARD M'WILLIAM, Clerk of ſaid Court.

To be SOLD, by virtue of the last will and testament of Samuel Bonnell, late of the city of Philadelphia, blacksmith, deceased,

A VALUABLE plantation, and tract of land, situate in the township of Waterford, in the county of Gloucester, in the western division of the province of New-Jersey, containing 130 acres and an half, and the usual allowance for highways, bounded by the lands of John Shivers, and Francis Bonnell, now in the tenure of Benjamin Archer, with a good frame dwelling-house and barn thereon; also a convenient stream of water, whereon may be erected a fulling-mill or grist-mill, situate on the north side of Cooper's creek, and within 4 miles of the city of Philadelphia, where garden truck may be raised in great plenty, and brought to Philadelphia market by water. There are about 17 acres of choice good meadow, part whereof is under good bank. The upland is good in kind; about 50 acres cleared, and the rest good woodland, and very well watered.

Also a convenient well finished three story brick messuage, and lot of ground, situate on the bank of the river Delaware, between Sassafras and Vine-streets, in the city of Philadelphia, now in the tenure of the widow White, containing in breadth, on Front-street and Water-street, 15 feet, and in length about 40 feet, subject to the Proprietaries thirds of One Shilling sterling per foot in breadth per annum, and also the sum of Forty-five Shillings Sterling per annum groundrent.

And also two convenient two story brick messuages, and lots of ground, situate in Vine-street, between Front and Second-streets, in the said city, each containing in breadth, on Vine-street, 15 feet, and in length or depth 51 feet, now in the tenure of Henry Pugh, and Captain Scott, and rents for 16l. per annum each. Any person inclining to purchase either of the premises aforesaid, may have time for the payment of the greatest part of the purchase money, by giving security, and paying interest. The titles are indisputable. For conditions, and further particulars, apply to us, the subscribers, in Philadelphia, SARAH BONNELL, executrix, THOMAS BONNELL, PETER THOMSON, executors.

To be SOLD, at public VENDUE,

On Saturday, the 30th Day of June, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the house of George Maxton, at the Yellow Springs,

A Valuable Plantation or Tract of Land, well known by the name of the YELLOW SPRINGS, situate in Pikeland township, Chester county, about 30 miles from Philadelphia, containing 150 acres, one half or more cleared, the other well timbered, and the whole watered by never failing streams; about 20 acres of watered meadow, and more may be made; having thereon erected a good stone dwelling house two stories high, 57 feet front, and 36 in depth, a fine piazza in the front, the whole breadth of the house, 8 or 9 feet wide, good cellars and chambers, kitchen, barn, stables and other out-houses. At a small distance from the above mentioned dwelling-house, is a good new log-house, weather-boarded and painted, well finished, with sash windows, about 35 feet front, and 18 deep, two stories high; and adjoining said building is another good log-house, about 18 feet square, which has been occupied as a store for some time, having a good spring and milk-house, oven, and other conveniences very handy, with a garden pailed in.

The medicinal virtues of the springs on the above plantation, for the cure of many disorders, inwardly and outwardly, are so well known to the publick, that it is thought unnecessary to mention them here. There are three bathing springs, which can be emptied or filled in a very little time by opening or shutting a sluice; two of them are enclosed by good new frame houses, 35 feet front, and 16 feet deep. Each bath has a drawing-room, and one a fire place in it; the buildings are neat, and make an elegant appearance, having glass windows front and back, and walks, with rows of shady trees, up to the dwelling-house.

The dwelling-house on said plantation is now used as a public house, and is so well accustomed, as to have from 100 to 500 people daily for the summer season, besides the unhealthy and infirm that come from all parts, and take lodgings for weeks together, for the benefit of the waters. On the premises is also erected a saw-mill, double geared, almost new; and a grist-mill may be very conveniently made, there being plenty of water, about 27 feet head and fall; now in the tenure of George Maxton; 25 acres of wheat on the above plantation will be sold separately.

At the same time shall be sold a small tract of 12 acres of land, adjoining the above mentioned plantation, mostly meadow, on which is erected a good log-house, 18 feet square, also a good new blacksmith's shop, and now tenanted.

Also another plantation or tract of land, situate in Pikeland township, Chester county, about 28 miles from Philadelphia, on the road leading to the Yellow Springs, containing about 177 acres, near one half of which is cleared, about 15 acres thereof being meadow, and much more may be easily made; the other part is well timbered, and the whole watered with never failing streams: Thereon is erected a good dwelling-house, with barns, stable, and other out houses. This place is much clearer of stones than most of the lands in the neighbourhood, and has a good bearing orchard. The title and conditions will be made known on the day of sale, by JOHN RHEA, CHARLES MEREDITH, GEORGE MEADE, WILLIAM CRAIG, JOHN WILCOCKS, and SAMUEL C. MORRIS, Assignees.

CHOICE PICKLED STURGEON, cured in the Baltick manner, by

JONATHAN RICHMOND, at Trenton Falls;

WHO, by his experience these seven years in the business, and not trusting to hired servants or slaves, who often spoil, by not putting up the proper part of the fish, as many so curing neglect. By observing the follwing directions, to preserve the fish, draw the cork or bung of the keg, and pour out the pickle in a clean bason or pan, then knock up the hoops, and take out the head that is branded, and take what fish you want out, then harden on the hoops, and put the cork in as before; then pour in the liquor into the keg, if not enough to cover the fish, add a little neat vinegar to it, and take a coarse double cloth, and spread it over the head, then put the head on the cloth, and a stone or weight over the head, to keep it close from the air, and it will keep good in the warmest climate, and warrant it good. ¶

N. B. Said fish to be sold at Messieurs Coxe and Furman's store, on Arch-street wharff.

STOLEN, on the evening of Saturday, the 19th of May last, from the pasture of the subscriber, in Princetown, New-Jersey, a black HORSE, 10 years old, about 13 hands high, has a switch tail, not shod when taken, branded on the near thigh with the letter D, a natural trotter, supposed to be stolen by a certain William Nimmons, of middle stature, who absconded from this province, and was advertised; if the horse is secured for the owner, a reward of Thirty Shillings will be paid; if thief and horse secured, so as the thief may be brought to justice, a reward of Three Pounds, with reasonable charges, will be paid by WILLIAM NORRIS. ¶

Salem County, May 26, 1770.

NOTICE is hereby given to all masters of vessels, and others, that want LIVE STOCK, such as sheep, hogs, ducks and geese, and all sorts of poultry. Any persons favouring us with their custom, may depend on our doing our best endeavours to oblige them; by sending a letter to either of us, by the Salem Stage, may expect to be supplied at the time when wanted, by the subscribers, living at or near Salem Creek Mouth. RICHARD HACKET, EPHRAIM LLOYD, and AARON SILVER, Stage-driver. ‖

To be SOLD by publick vendue, at the London Coffee-house, on the 15th day of June instant, at 6 o'clock in the evening,

SUNDRY lots of land, adjoining the river Schuylkill, fronting the great road leading from Reading to Philadelphia, and within 5 miles of the city, being part of the estate late of Edward Robeson, deceased.

On lot No. 1, containing about 15 acres, is a large commodious well finished stone dwelling-house, four rooms on the lower floor, stables, chaise-house, and sundry other out-houses, and a well of very good water near the door. Also one other stone dwelling-house, suitable for a tenant, a spring-house, and 5 acres of very good meadow, watered by a never failing stream, about two acres of orchard, with sundry choice fruit trees, a good garden, and near three acres of woodland.

On lot No. 2, containing about 11 acres, is a stone dwelling-house, and near 4 acres of woodland.

Lot No. 3, contains about 12 acres, above 3 acres whereof are woodland.

Lot No. 4, contains 5 acres and an half of land.

The lots No. 1 and 2, are well situated for a gentleman's country seat, commanding a beautiful prospect of the river Schuylkill; the whole being very healthy and pleasant. Three months credit will be given the purchaser. A plan of the above described premises is to be seen at the London Coffee-house, and at OWEN JONES's, in Market-street.

All the above lots are bounded on the river Schuylkill, but a reserve is made of fishing opposite the lots No. 2 and 3, from the first of April to the first of June. ¶

May 30, 1770.

THIS is to give notice to all persons, that on or about the 3d day of October last, came to the plantation of the subscriber, living in Pencader Hundred, and county of New-Castle, a brown mare, about 13 hands high, with a star in her forehead, neither brand nor ear-mark, had on a common hunting saddle; and whereas a certain Stephen Jenkins, from Abington, came after said mare and saddle, and proved upon oath, that said mare and saddle were his property, but has never taken her away; this is to give notice to said Stephen Jenkins, or the right owner of said mare, &c. that unless they will come and take her away, and pay the charges, she will be sold for the same within three weeks from the date hereof, by ¶ JAMES PRICE.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, situate in Ashton township, Chester county, about 4 miles from Chester, and 3 and an half from Marcus-hook, containing 185 acres, 30 whereof are woodland, and about 15 acres of watered meadow, and more may be made, a bearing orchard of 60 apple trees; the place is well watered, with two dwelling-houses on it, one a large stone house, with a spring of water in the cellar; the other a brick house, 33 feet by 20, three rooms above, and two below, and a cellar under the whole, with a partition in it, and a well of good water near the door, a cow-house and hay-loft.

Likewise another messuage adjoining that, containing 60 acres, two whereof are watered meadow, and more may be made, about 12 acres of good woodland, a good bearing orchard of 160 grafted trees, with pear and cherry trees of all sorts, and is well watered; there is on it a large frame house, and brick kitchen, a good spring and spring-house near the door, with a barn, stable and hay-house, and a smith and wheelwright's shop on it; the road that leads from Concord to Chester runs through both places, and a road that leads from Middletown to Marcus-hook. The whole to be sold together or separate, as may best suit the purchaser. For terms, apply to the owner, living on the premises,

¶ JONATHAN RICHARDS.

May 23, 1770.

RUN away from his bail, living in Dorset county, a certain Dennis Cane, a tanner and currier by trade, about 22 years of age, a fresh well-looking man, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high. Whoever takes up and secures said Cane, in any goal, so that he may be had again, shall have Eight Dollars reward, paid by ¶ RICHARD ANDREW.

TO be sold by public Vendue, on Saturday, the 23d of June, at the House of Benjamin Davis, in the Northern Liberties, near the New Landing-place, at the Sign of the Jolly Sailor, in Front-street, NINETEEN small LOTS of GROUND, opposite said Landing-place. Two of the Lots front the main Road, and contain each 23 Feet 9 Inches in Breadth, and 100 Feet in Depth. The other Lots adjoining, front the Street or Passage leading from said Landing towards Second-street, called Noble's Street, and contain each 18 Feet in Breadth, and between 50 and 60 Feet in Depth. The Sale to begin at Three o'Clock in the Afternoon.

Any Person who buys two Lots, or more, upon paying one Half the Purchase-money down, may have Credit for the other Half as long as he chooses it, paying Interest for the same.

And on Monday following, at 7 o'Clock in the Evening, at the London Coffee-house, will be sold by public Vendue, a House and Lot, in Second-street, where Smith, the Brass Founder, lately dwelt, near the Corner of Market-street, a little below the Church, containing in Breadth 20 Feet, and in Depth 100 Feet, free from Groundrent, or any other Incumbrance; and is an excellent Stand for a Dry Goods Store, or any other public Business.

FORTY SHILLINGS Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber, in Juniata, in Cumberland county, an Irish servant man, named John Stokes, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, of a brown complexion, about 20 years of age; had on, when he went away, an old brown coat, wanting sleeves, a brown sleeveless vest, 2 coarse shirts, old coarse trowsers, old leather breeches, and an old fur hat; he took with him a coarse sheet, of which it is supposed he will make a hunting-shirt; his clothing is meally, having attended a mill since last fall; he wears his own hair tied, which is of a dark brown colour; he has been in this country about 20 months; he professes being a tolerable scholar, and may endeavour to pass for a schoolmaster; he was bred in the West of Ireland, which is easily discovered by his dialect; it is supposed he will endeavour to return to Ireland, therefore it is requested that all masters of vessels would refuse him a passage. He went off the 13th of May. Whoever secures said servant in any goal, so as his master may have him again, shall have the above reward, paid by me SAMUEL HOLIDAY. §

STRAYED away fom the Subscriber, on the 19th of April, a dark red BULL STAG, very Bull like, with some white about his Flank, supposed to be Ear-marked, but not known what it is, he is 9 or 10 Years old, with short Horns, much wrinkled, and is supposed to be gone towards Susquehanna, as he came from Carolina last Summer. Whoever takes up said Bull, and secures him, so that the Owner may have him again, shall have TWO DOLLARS Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid by WILLIAM KERLIN, living at Chadd's Ford, near Brandywine. ¶

NOTICE is hereby given, that JAMES TOMSON, from the Parish of Conner, and County of Antrim, and ROBERT DAUGHERTY, from the Parith of Magilligan, and County of Londonderry, Ireland, by applying to Mr. Robert Smyth, Hatter, in Market-street, Philadelphia; or John Smyth, from Ireland, at Mr. Samuel Love's, in West-Nottingham Township, Chester County; both, or either of them, may hear of something to their Advantage. The sooner Application is made the better, as said John Smyth sets off for Ireland by the first Opportunity. *June 1, 1770.* ¶

STRAYED or STOLEN, from the pasture of James Wilkins, living in Cæcil county, near Little Elk, a black MARE, about 13 or 14 hands high, paces and trots, and is branded with K, upon the near buttock, has a large star in her forehead, and one white foot. Whoever secures said mare, and brings her to Robert Allison, near the Cross Roads, or to James Wilkins, shall have Ten Shillings reward, and reasonable charges, paid by me

April 27, 1770. WILLIAM ALLISON, †

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away, on Tuesday, the Twenty-ninth of May, from the subscriber, living in Philadelphia, an Irish servant lad, named TIMOTHY BRYEN, by trade a baker, about 19 or 20 years of age, 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, dark complexion, a little stoop-shouldered, wears his own black hair, and is marked with the Small-Pox; had on, when he went away, a felt hat, white shirt, a light coloured cloth coat, white jacket, nankeen breeches, white stockings, half-worn pumps, with white metal buckles in them. Whoever takes up and secures said servant, so that his master may have him again, shall have the above reward, and all reasonable charges, paid by JOSEPH FRAZER.

N. B. All masters of vessels are forbid to carry him off, at their peril. ¶

IF Mr. ROBERT CALLBECK, who was formerly Clerk to John Duncan, Esq; of Schenectady, in the Province of New-York, and removed a few Years since to Philadelphia, will call on WILLIAM COXE, Esq; in Philadelphia, or the Printers hereof, or inform them by a Line, where he now resides, he will much oblige some of his former Friends in New-York. § §

READY MONEY for NEW and OLD BOOKS,

To be had of

WILLIAM WOODHOUSE,

In FRONT-STREET, near CHESTNUT-STREET, who has for SALE,

A VARIETY of BLANK BOOKS, such as Imperial, Royal, Medium, Demy and Propatria; also Writing Paper, Quills, Ink Powder, Slates, Sealing Wax, Wafers and Pencils, Barlow Penknives, Quarto Bibles, Gilt Pocket Bibles, Testaments, Spelling Books, Primers, Red Morocco Pocket Books of all Sizes, &c. ¶

N. B. READY MONEY for CLEAN LINEN RAGS.

Philadelphia, May 24, 1770.

JUST IMPORTED, and to be sold, by

THOMAS YORKE,

A PARCEL of RAW HIDES.

Germantown, May 2, 1770.

To be SOLD at private sale (as on account of the roughness of the weather last Monday, the public sale did not take place)

A VERY pleasant situated lot or tract of land, for a gentleman's country seat, in the upper part of Germantown, having 125 feet front on the main street, in the best part of the town to carry on any extensive business, tavern or shop, &c. &c. being between 2 and 3 acres of land; having a large 2 story stone house, a stone kitchen, good stabling, and a good pump thereon, with a large and very pleasant situated garden, great part thereof planted with pear, plumb, cherry, apricot, nectarine, nut and other curious fruit trees, and excellent assortments of flower and garden curiosities; a very fine thriving orchard of the best fruit; and the rest very good grass land. Its pleasant situation will recommend itself, for a summer seat of pleasure or conveniency for any business; several years time (if desired) will be given for the payment of the greatest part of the purchase money, on paying interest, and giving security. Also then to be sold, another near adjacent piece of grass land. The terms of sale may be known on the premises, of CHRISTIAN LEHMAN; or of WILLIAM LOGAN, Esq; at Philadelphia.

N. B. The title is indisputable. §

*** Said *Christian Lehman* also keeps a nursery, and hath for sale, the rarest and best sort of pear, plumb, apricot, cherry, nectarine, nut, and catalpa trees, &c. &c.

Philadelphia, April 1770

EIGHTY dozen of grass, cradling and briar scythes, and ninety dozen of sickles, made ready for the ensuing season, a quantity of straw knives, tanners knives, and drawing knives, several pair of smith's bellows, iron work for grist-mills, the spindles and rines made after the old or new method; clothiers, timber, packing, tobacco, and other large screws; saw-mill and fulling-mill irons; large scale-beams, for millers or larger draughts; all made by the subscriber, living at the sign of the Scythe and Sickle, in Market-street, who believes they will prove as good as any made elsewhere; which he will sell at reasonable rates, wholesale or retail, warranted or unwarranted.----He has for sale, a good copper still, of about 85 gallons, at Two Shillings per pound, and its tin worm, at One Shilling and Sixpence per pound, also black-lead crucibles, of John Stephens's make, known to be good.

Whereas some merchants of this city have, for these 5 or 6 years past, imported from Great-Britain, large quantities of sickles, stamped S. PACHALL, in imitation (as I apprehend) of my stamp, which is S. PASCHALL, and on the credit thereof, have sold great quantities, many of which have been brought to me by farmers to alter, who assured me they bought them for my make, and as the workmanship is by no means equal to those formerly made by me, I therefore acquaint the public with this deception, which may easily be detected, as the letter S, between the A and C, is left out in the stamp on the English sickle. I should have notified this difference to the public at their first appearance, but had then declined the trade, and as I am now desirous of establishing my son in the same business (who is an apprentice to me) think it a duty to the public, and my own character, to acquaint them therewith.

Tbc. 3M. STEPHEN PASCHALL.

ONE HUNDRED and Twenty DOZEN of SICKLES, ready prepared for the Harvest, by JAMES HENDRICKS, Cutler, at the Sign of the Sickle, the 4th Door above the Prison, in Market-street; these Sickles are carefully made, will be sold at the lowest Rates, and ensured to be good.

For LONDON,

The SHIP CAROLINA, *JAMES FRIEND,* Commander;

Having Part of her Cargoe ready, and will sail with all convenient Expedition. For Freight or Passage, apply to JEREMIAH WARDER, or said Master on board, at Jeremiah Warder's Wharff, or at the London Coffee-House. May 17, 1770.

CAME to the Plantation of the Subscriber, in Tredyffrin, Chester County, on the 15th of May inst. a brown Mare COLT, supposed to be two Years old, has a large Star in her Forehead, a Trotter, and slim made. The Owner is desired to come, prove his Property, pay Charges, and take her away.

† WILLIAM GODFREY.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by DAVID HALL, and WILLIAM SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market.*

BOSTON, May 21.

Extracts of Letters from LONDON.

THE Petition of the Assembly of Massachusetts-Bay to his Majesty, for the Removal of Sir Francis Bernard, their Governor, from that Government, was presented by Dennis De Berdt, Esq; on the 14th of September: Sir Francis Bernard, being informed of this on September 22d, immediately petitioned his Majesty in Council, to appoint a Day for the Hearing; accordingly the 27th of January was appointed. On January 17th Mr. De Berdt presented a Petition to the King, praying a further Time, to enable him to obtain Proofs of the Charge against Sir F. Bernard; the Time of a Month was accordingly allowed him, and the 28th of February was appointed for the final Hearing. On the 10th of February, 13 Days previous to the Time appointed for the Hearing, Mr. De Berdt preferred a second Petition, praying a further Time of seven Months; suggesting, that the short Time elapsed, from the Assembly's passing the Complaint, to their Prorogation, was not sufficient to collect the Proofs; and that no private Man could pretend to act for the Court during its Recess. Sir F. Bernard presented a counter Petition, alledging that 18 Days elapsed between the passing the Complaint and the Prorogation of the Court; and that it had been usual for a Committee to act upon Business, which required a constant Correspondence with the Agent, during the Recess of the Court; and praying that the Complaint might be heard on the Day appointed, to give him an Opportunity of justifying himself.

On Wednesday, the 28th of February, 1770, a Hearing was had before a Committee of Council.

We have been favoured with a Copy of Minutes taken by a Gentleman who was present at a late Hearing before a C-----tee of C------l, which we shall here insert.

MR *D-B---t* appearing, preferred a Petition, setting forth, that as he had not received any Proofs of the Allegations against Sir *F. B-----d*, on Account of the Prorogation of the Assembly, he was not prepared to act upon the Complaint, and must decline it, if it was brought on immediately.

* *C-----l.* Mr. *D-B---t*, if the further Time of seven Months is given you, shall you be certainly prepared to support your Complaint?

Mr. D-B---t. My Lord, I cannot be certain, as I do not know when the Assembly will sit.

C-----l. Mr. *D-B---t* then declines entering upon the Complaint, unless a further Time of seven Months shall be given him, and at the Expiration of that as much more as he shall then want.

C-----l. Mr. *D-B---t*, I observe that Facts are differently stated by you and Sir *F. B-----d*; you say this Petition was passed some short Time before the 15th of July, when the Assembly was prorogued: Sir *F.* alledges that it passed 18 Days before the 15th of July.

Mr. D-B---t. My Lord, I am not certain about the Time, but understand it was just before the Time of Prorogation.

Sir F. B. My Lords, I have with me the Journals of the House, which, if you will give me Leave, I will refer to. [*The Journals being accordingly referred to, the Time appeared to be* 18 *Days, viz. from the* 27*th of June to July* 15. *Also the Journal of June* 30*th*, 1768, *was read, which shewed that the Complaint originated then, and was recommitted for want of Proofs.*]

C-----l. Has it been usual, Mr. *D-B---t*, during the Recess of the Court, for a Committee to receive and answer Letters upon Business which required it?

Mr. D-B---t. I know of no such Usage, my Lord, since I have been Agent.

Sir F. B. My Lords, it has been very common; and I have remonstrated to the Council, upon the Illegality of a Committee of the House sitting, when the House was prorogued. But in Cases of necessary Correspondence with the Agent, I have not disapproved of it.

C-----l. I cannot answer for the Usage of that Colony, but it has been common in other Colonies.

[*Mr. M-----t, who came in afterwards, being asked, said, that it had been very common during his Brother's Agency for that Province, for a Committee, whom he understood to be the Sp--k-r and the* B---n *Members, to receive and answer his Letters; whether by Appointment of the House, or by Usage, he could not say.*]

Sir F. B. That this Complaint, my Lords, was not intended to be prosecuted before your Lordships, is plain, from many Circumstances: It was published in the Papers ten Days before it was presented to the K. Since I have been here, I have been called upon by anonymous Writers, to answer this Complaint, in the public Papers, whilst I have been endeavouring to bring it on before his Majesty's Privy Council; particularly in three Letters of a Writer, who signs himself *Junius Americanus*.

C-----l. Were these Letters published whilst it was depending before the Privy Council?

Sir F. B. All of them, I believe, my Lord, but one in December, at which Time it was certainly before the Council.

C-----l. Mr. *D-B---t*, I ask you this Question as a Man of Honour, did you receive any Directions from *B----n*, to publish any Thing relative to this Complaint in the public Papers?

Mr. D-B----t. Not that I know of, my Lord, but I cannot answer such a Question as that, without my Letter-Book.

C-----l. It is a strange Thing that you should not remember so material a Direction as that must have been.

Mr. D-B---t. I cannot say I have not, my Lord, without consulting my Letter-Book.

C-----l. Are the Papers signed *Junius Americanus* published under your Direction or Knowledge?

Mr. D-B---t. My Lord, I know nothing about *Junius Americanus*.

Sir F. B. My Lords, the Papers signed *Junius Americanus*, contain nothing but what must be derived from the Party from which this Complaint originates. And therefore it is probable that there is a Communication between *Junius Americanus* and that Party, either directly, or thro' the Mediation of Mr. *D-B---t*.

C-----l. Mr. *D-B---t*, did not you write a Letter to the Sp--k-r of the House, desiring a Power of Attorney, in order to prosecute this Complaint in some other Court?

Mr. D-B---t. No, my Lord.

C-----l. Mr. *D-B---t*, did the House of Assembly then pass this Complaint, and transmit it to you to be presented to the K. without any Proofs of any of the Allegations?

Mr. D-B---t. Yes, my Lord; and they wrote me that the Documents were not then ready, but should follow immediately.

Sir F. B. Eight Months are elapsed since the Complaint passed the House, without any Documents appearing.

C-----l. How many Letters have you received from the Sp--k-r of the House since the Transmission of this Complaint?

Mr. D-B---t. I cannot say, my Lord, without consulting my Letter-Books.

C-----l. Have you received ten?

Mr. D-B---t. Not so many I believe.

C-----l. How many then; five?

Mr. D-B---t. Five or six, my Lord, I am not certain.

C-----l. Have you wrote to the Sp--k-r for Proofs of these Allegations?

Mr. D-B---t. Yes, my Lords, several Times.

C-----l. Have you recived no Answer to those Letters?

Mr. D-B---t. I have to such Parts of them as related to other Business; but none with regard to the Complaint.

C-----l. Does he take no Notice at all of those Parts of your Letters which relate to the Complaint?

Mr. D-B---t. None, my Lord.

C-----l. This is very extraordinary.

C-----l. Mr. *D-B---t*, I must ask you that Question once more; Are you certain you did not write to the Sp----r for a Power of Attorney to act against Sir *F-----s B-----d*?

Mr. D-B---t. I know of no such Thing, my Lord.

C-----l. Do you know one Mr. Hall, a Master of a Ship?

Mr. D-B---t. No, my Lord.

C-----l. I desire you will once more recollect yourself, and answer me positively, whether you did not write for a Power of Attorney?

Mr. D-B---t. I believe, my Lord, I did write for proper Powers.

C-----l. If you wanted proper Powers, by what Power do you appear here?

Mr. D-B---t. As standing Ag--t of the House.

C-----l. Then you wanted a Power for some other Prosecution than this.

Mr. D-B---t. I think it would be for Sir *F. B------d*'s Honour that he give Time for a full Enquiry into his Conduct.

Sir. F. B. My Lords, I must beg that my Honour may not be committed to the Care of *Mr. D-B---t*; I have Reasons, which I won't trouble your Lordships with. It is now nineteen Months since this has been made a Subject of Abuse against me in the publick Papers, and they now want to continue it for the same Use a Year longer. I never submit to the Tribunal of a News-Paper, and am now before the proper Court of Enquiry into my official Conduct: I therefore hope, after 19 Months of Abuse, founded on this Complaint, your Lordships will not afford them an Opportunity of continuing it any longer.

The A------y G-----l, who attended for Sir *F. B-----d*, then desired to be heard *ex Parte*. But the Lords said there was no Occasion for it; and adjourned to that Day Se'nnight, to prepare a Report to the K."

Extract of a Letter from London, March 22, 1770.

" As you will no doubt be anxious to hear the Fate of the Complaint against Sir Francis, I send you the Substance of what passed in the Committee of the Council 28th of February, and the Report of that Committee drawn up March 7th, which were read in Council the 14th, when the final Decision before the King in Council was given.

" The Report from the Lords of the Committee for hearing Complaints from the Plantations was read, in which all the Steps taken, and the several Petitions of both Parties are recited, those of Sir Francis Bernard, praying a Hearing, and those of Mr. De Berdt's, for due Time to procure Documents to make good the Allegations; the different Adjournments till the Lords ordered it to be peremptorily heard the 28th of February; the questioning Mr. De Berdt on that Day, touching the Steps he had taken to obtain Proofs; his acknowledging that he had corresponded with the Speaker---that when the Province Petition was first sent him, he was told the Proofs would soon follow---that he also had written for them, and had received Answers to the other Parts of these Letters, but none concerning this Point. Sir Francis Bernard's Reply to this, offering Reasons to shew that the Proofs might have been transmitted, if they had any, for that the Complaint originated in the House of Representatives the 30th of June, 1768, but was remitted till Proof should be procured, and that it passed the House June 27th, 1769, since which Time eight Months were elapsed. Mr. De Berdt's declining proceeding on the Business, unless allowed seven Months, and after that Time, as much more indefinitely, as might be necessary to receive Instructions from his Constituents. The Opinion of their Lordships March 7th, 1770, was also read, which is as follows:

" The Lords of the Committee considering, that the Complainants ought to have been prepared with Evidence to support their Charges, at the Time of presenting the same, or within a reasonable Time after, or at least, that they might have been sufficiently prepared since the bringing into the House of Representatives the former Petition to remove the Governor in June 1768. And further, that the House of Representatives having omitted to send over to their Agent, the Documents necessary to make good their Complaints, although it appears by the printed Journals of the aforesaid House, that they continued sitting 18 Days after the passing of the said Order, 27th of June 1769, could only be with a View of keeping up the Spirit of Clamour and Discontent in the said Province. And considering likewise, that the said Articles of Complaint against the Governor, could not be supposed to affect the Governor; but are rather a Charge against your Majesty's Government: Their Lordships are therefore of Opinion, upon the whole, that the several Charges contained in the said Petition of the House of Representatives of Massachusetts-Bay, are groundless, vexatious and scandalous; and that the said Petition ought to be dismissed."

March 14*th*, 1770.

PRESENT,

The KING's most excellent Majesty in Council,

Earl Gower, Lord President of the Council,	Earl of Rochford,
	Earl of Piercey,
Earl of Halifax, Lord Privy Seal,	Earl of Bristol,
Duke of Queensberry,	Earl of Hillsborough,
Duke of Ancaster,	Viscount Weymouth,
Duke of Newcastle,	Viscount Falmouth,
Earl Talbot, Lord Steward,	Lord North,
Earl of Hartford, Lord Chamberlain,	Lord Le Despencer,
	Lord Pelham,
Earl of Denbigh,	Sir Gilbert Elliot,
Earl of Litchfield,	Sir Edward Hawke.

" *His Majesty taking the said Report into Consideration, was pleased, with the Advice of his Privy Council, to approve thereof, and to order that the said Petition of the House of Representatives of the Massachusetts-Bay, be, and it is hereby dismissed this Board, as groundless, vexatious and scandalous.*"

To the Printers of the PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Please to give the following Lines a Place in your Paper, which will oblige

A FRIEND TO LIBERTY.

THE many elaborate Performances lately circulated in the public Papers, have probably, in some Measure, gained the Attention of great Numbers in the American Colonies, to the great Cause---LIBERTY. It may therefore be acceptable at this Time, to see something further offered on that Subject, which has not been generally taken Notice of. As Liberty is one of the greatest temporal Blessings, it ought to be preserved sacred and inviolable, in Preference to all other Considerations. If this was generally our Sentiments and Practice, it would doubtless very much advance the common Cause---if we could tell our Superiors, we ask no more than we give; nor any partial Liberty for ourselves---that we do to all others, as we would be done by, it would demonstrate our Sincerity, and add Weight to our Petitions. Altho' Foreigners, coming into an English Government with mercenary Views, may not be intitled to all the Privileges of English Subjects, yet surely the Case is very different respecting those brought amongst us against their Wills. Have they not a Right to enjoy their Birthrights in their native Land, or in the Governments where they are placed? Should they be taxed without their Consent, and without being represented? Should they be tried for Crimes otherwise than by their Peers, or at least without a Jury (two weighty Points of Complaint in our own Case) is it reasonable to separate the Families of such, and take the Profits of their Labour, for the Purpose of raising a Revenue for ourselves, and for our Children? It may be worthy of our Consideration, whether we have a better Right to lay Impositions on them we esteem our Inferiors, than the Parliament of Great-Britain have for what they have done to us? If, upon a serious and impartial Examination, we find we have, in any Degree, violated the sacred Principles of Liberty, let us ingenuously acknowledge our Mistakes, and do every Thing in our Power to restore that invaluable Blessing to all we are concerned with, which may be a Means of inciting our Superiors to act on the same Principles, and render us more acceptable to him, who " made of one Blood all Nations of Men," and now commands " all Things whatsoever ye would that Men should do to you, do ye even so to them."

Colebrookdale best FORGE HAMMERS & ANVILS,
To be SOLD, by
RUTTER & POTTS,
At Colebrookdale Furnace, and by
WHITE & CALDWELL,
In PHILADELPHIA.

THE Character of these Castings being so well established in this and the neighbouring Provinces, it is thought only necessary to inform the Public, that the Owners have taken great Care to prepare the Furnace in a suitable Manner, and design to conduct this Blast entirely for the Purpose of making good Forge Castings, by which Means they are convinced, the Purchasers will find them considerably improved in Quality. ¶6W.

IMPORTED THIS DAY, BY
ROBERT BASS, APOTHECARY,
In Market-street, in the Pennsylvania Packet, Captain Falconer, from LONDON,

AN entire fresh Assortment of all Kinds of DRUGS, to be sold, Wholesale and Retail, on the most reasonable Terms.

Likewise, a great Variety of Patent Medicines, fresh, neat, and genuine, to be sold singly, or in Quantities, with good Allowance to those who buy to sell again.

A Quantity of the finest Florence Oil, by the Flask, Bottle, or Gallon. Best Baltic Isinglass, Cassia Cinnamon, Hartshorn Shavings, Capilaire, and Orgeot.

A small Parcel of Bird-Lime.

Medicines prepared, Prescriptions, and Family Receipts; and all Orders carefully attended to, as usual. *May* 17.

DUFFIELD and DELANY, Druggists,
At Boerhaave's Head, the Corner of Second and Walnut-streets,

HEREBY acquaint their Customers, and the Public, that they have just received, by the Pennsylvania Packet, Captain Falconer, from London, A fresh and general Assortment of DRUGS and MEDICINES, of the best Quality, and which they can with Justice recommend, and offer to the Inspection of such Gentlemen as chuse to view them. They have also imported an Assortment of Surgeons Instruments, and Shop Furniture, and a Variety of Patent Medicines, such as Godfrey's Cordial, Bateman's Drops, Anderson's and Hooper's Pills, &c.

Medicine Chests for Ships and Iron-Works, with plain Directions, put up by them on a short Notice, and Family Receipts compounded with the greatest Care. ¶

IMPORTED, in Captain Sparks, from London, and to be sold, wholesale and retail, at the lowest prices, by
JOHN DAY, and COMPANY,
At their Medicinal Store, next door to Jonathan Zane's, in Second-street, between Market and Chestnut-streets,

A LARGE and general assortment of the very best Drugs, chemicals and galenicals, with a great variety of patent medicines, from the authorized preparers, amongst which are the following----Beaume de vie, Jesuits drops, Lockyer's pills, Turlington's balsam, Daffy's elixir, Bateman's drops, Hooper's female pills, Anderson's pills, British oil; Radcliff, Stoughton, Squire, and Francis's elixirs; balsam of honey, essence of pepper mint, elixir bardana, spirits of scurvy grass, Dr. Bolderson's never-failing worm cakes, goldbeater's skin, issue plaisters, syrup of capilaire, orgeot, Godfrey's cordial, essence of water dock, æther, wash balls, neat smelling bottles, in cases, eau de luce, carmine, spa and pyrmont waters, court plaister, tooth powder, lip salve, lavender and Hungary waters, best brown hard varnish, best white ditto, Greenough's tincture for the teeth and gums. Also a small quantity of gold leaf, and surgeon's instruments. Medicine chests, prescriptions, and orders from practitioners, are carefully put up, at the shortest notice, and every article warranted of the first quality. ¶ 7/6 tf.

JOHN GILBERT, Physician and Surgeon,
Lately arrived from LONDON, begs Leave to inform the Public, that he has set up AN APOTHECARY's SHOP, in *Market-street*, next Door to the Sign of the *Black Bear*;

WHERE he sells Medicines and Drugs. He also practises Physic and Surgery, in which he has obtained great Knowledge and Experience, and given many Proofs, in the Space of eleven Years, by Land and Sea, especially in the late War in Germany, and on board the Dutch Men of War in the Mediterranean, as far as Turkey, also on board the Greenland Ships. All Persons, therefore, afflicted with any internal or external Ailments, who will be pleased to apply to him, may depend on his using his utmost Endeavours for their Relief. Said GILBERT has given, in the Space of three Months, many Proofs of his Knowledge in Physic in this City. ¶

To be SOLD, by
BALDWIN & GILBERT,
At their STORE, the Corner of FRONT and VINE-STREETS,

GENUINE Madeira Wine, three Years old, by the Pipe, Hogshead, or Quarter-cask, West-India and Philadelphia Rum, Melasses, Muscovado and Loaf Sugars, Bohea Tea, Coffee, Cocoa, Cotton, Mackrel, Bristol and Lisbon Salt, Pork, Gammons, &c. &c. They have likewise on Hand, a very large Assortment of Red Cedar, for almost every Purpose, which that Wood is made Use of.

N. B. Now in the Possession of *Thomas Gilbert*, one of the Overseers of the Poor of the Northern Liberties of the City of Philadelphia, a Silver WATCH, supposed to be stolen, Maker's Name, Snelling, London; any Person, that has lost such a Watch, coming, proving his Property, and paying the Charges, may have it again. *Philad. May* 21, 1770. ¶8W.

To be SOLD,

THE Dwelling-house, Brew-house, and Malt-house, with the other Buildings thereto belonging, being Part of the Estate of GEORGE GRAY, late of this City, Brewer, deceased, situate in Chestnut-street, between Second and Third-streets, together with the Coppers, and other Utensils for Brewing. Also two Tenements in Elbow-Lane. For further Particulars, apply to EDWARD DAWES, in Wilmington, GEORGE GRAY, at the Lower Ferry, and SAMUEL MORRIS, junior, in Second-street, Philadelphia. ¶6W.

To be SOLD,
A neat PHAETON, and Harness for a Pair of HORSES.
In it can sit two or four Persons. It may be seen at Mr. JOHN LITTLE's Stables, at the INDIAN QUEEN.

FOUR POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber, living in Forks township, Northampton county, 3 miles from Nazareth, on the 13th of this instant May, a Negroe man, named DICK, 26 years of age, about 6 feet high, well set; had on, when he went away, a light grey linsey jacket, and another black one under it, a new felt hat, a pair of pretty good leather breeches, without any seam between the legs, with brass buttons, light grey yarn stockings, good shoes, with two sorts of buckles, both of brass. Whoever takes up and secures the said Negroe, or gives such Information about him, that his master may have him again, shall have the above reward of Four Pounds, and reasonable charges, paid by me MELCHIOR STECHER.

Lancaster Goal, May 12, 1770.

THIS day was committed to my custody, on suspicion of being a runaway servant, a well set fellow, about 5 *feet* 8 *inches high, aged* 28 *years, was born in Ireland, says his name is James M^c Hencely, and that he has followed the distilling business for many years past, as may well be believed by his uncommon ragged clothes, and scalds in his legs. If no person appears in three weeks from this date, he will be discharged according to law.*

†

JACOB EBERLY, *Gaoler.*

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, at Elizabeth Furnace, in Lancaſter county, on Monday, the 18th day of June next, one third part of all the waggons, carts, horſes, cows, and other ſtock belonging to the ſaid furnace; late the property of Alexander Stedman; ſeized and taken in execution by

JAMES WEBB, jun. Sheriff.

Bucks County, May 21, 1770.

BY *Virtue of a Writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public Sale, on the 8th Day of June next, at 3 o'Clock in the Afternoon, on the Premiſes, a certain Meſſuage, Plantation, and Tract of Land, ſituate in the Townſhip of Plumſted; bounded by Land of Conrad Bean, Alexander Brown, Philip Fox, and others, containing about 176 Acres, with the Appurtenances; late the Property of John Ambrie Nancmacher; ſeized and taken in Execution, and to be ſold by*

JOSEPH ELLICOTT, *Sheriff.* ‖

Bucks County, May 21, 1770.

BY *Virtue of a Writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public Sale, on the 9th Day of June next, at 3 o'clock in the Afternoon, on the Premiſes, a certain Piece or Parcel of good Land, ſituate in the Townſhip of Buckingham; bounded by Land of Titus Fell and John Broadfield, containing about 20 Acres, with the Appurtenances; late the Property of the aforeſaid John Broadfield; ſeized and taken in Execution, and to be ſold by*

‖ JOSEPH ELLICOTT, *Sheriff.*

To be SOLD by public VENDUE, at the London Coffee-Houſe, on the 20th of July next, at 7 o' Clock in the Evening, if not diſpoſed of by private Sale before,

A GOOD three Story Brick Houſe, and Lot of Ground, ſituate on the South Side of Arch-ſtreet, between Front and Second-ſtreets, the Weſt Corner of Chancery Lane; containing in Breadth 16 Feet 8 Inches, and in Depth about 70 Feet; with the Privilege of ſaid Lane; ſubject to a Ground-rent of £ 4 10 0 Pennſylvania Currency, per Annum. For further Particulars, enquire of GEORGE WILSON, and JOHN FIELD, or of WILLIAM WILSON. § 7 W.

To be SOLD, by PUBLIC VENDUE,

On the 20th Day of the Sixth Month (June) being the Fourth Day of the Week,

A GOOD Griſt-Mill and Saw-Mill, turned by the Main and Middle Branch of Naaman's Creek, 240 Perches from the Landing, and 20 Miles Water Carriage to Philadelphia, built 1761 and 1762, with about 14 Acres of good Land, one Half good Meadow, alſo Dwelling-Houſes, Barn, &c. Said Mills are ſituated and calculated for carrying on a large Trade, in the Flour and Scantlin Way, with the moſt common, and ſome uncommon Conveniencies to each Mill. Thoſe who incline to view the Premiſes before the Day of Sale, may enquire of John Maſon, or Benjamin Reynolds, living near, who will ſhew the ſame, or on on the Day of Sale, of SAMUEL REYNOLDS.

N. B. The Vendue to begin at Three o'Clock. ¶

To be SOLD by public VENDUE, at the London Coffee-Houſe, on Thurſday, the 12th of July, at 7 o' Clock in the Evening, two Houſes, and Lots of Ground, being Part of the Eſtate of John Baily, Goldſmith, viz.

ONE certain lot of ground (with a good 3 ſtory brick houſe, and 2 ſtory kitchen, erected thereon) ſituate on the ſouth ſide of Almond-ſtreet, between Front and Second-ſtreets, in the Diſtrict of Southwark, containing in breadth on ſaid ſtreet 16 feet, and in length or depth 64 feet and an half, having a good pump before the door, and the privilege of a 3 feet alley, now in the tenure of Nehemiah Maull.

One other lot of ground (with a good 2 ſtory brick houſe, and 2 ſtory kitchen erected thereon) ſituate on the ſouth ſide of Almond-ſtreet as above, and adjoining the firſt deſcribed meſſuage, containing in breadth on ſaid ſtreet 17 feet, and in length or depth 68 feet, having the privilege of a 3 feet alley, now in the tenure of Capt. Martin. Good titles will be given by *John Rhea, Charles Meredith, George Meade, William Craig, John Wilcocks, and Samuel C. Morris,* Aſſignees.

All perſons indebted to the eſtate of *John Baily,* are hereby deſired to make immediate payment to the Aſſignees, otherwiſe the accounts will be put into an Attorney's hands, there being a neceſſity of ſettling the ſaid *Baily*'s affairs.

BY *Virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be expoſed to public Sale, on Tueſday, the 19th Day of June next, at Eaſton, in Northampton County, a certain Meſſuage or Tenement, and Lot of Ground, ſituate in Northampton-ſtreet, in Eaſton aforeſaid. Alſo an Out-Lot of 5 Acres of Land, adjoining the ſaid Town; late the Property of Peter Eabler; ſeized and taken in Execution, and to be ſold by* JOHN JENNINGS, *Sheriff.*

Bucks County.

BY *virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, at the Widow Siddons's, in Newtown, on the 11th day of June next, a meſſuage or tenement, and plantation, of 132 acres and a half of land, on which there is a good log-houſe, barn, and griſt-mill, in Upper-Makefield townſhip, bounded by lands of Henry Harvey, Joſeph Howell, and others, taken in execution by William Buckman, late Sheriff, and to be ſold by* JOSEPH ELLICOTT, *Sheriff.* ¶

To be ſold by public vendue, on the 15th day of June, about 3 o'clock in the afternoon,

A PLANTATION, pleaſantly ſituated in Londonderry townſhip, Cheſter county, containing 273 acres of good land, about 120 acres cleared, and under good fence, 25 acres of good watered meadow made, and 40 more may be made and watered, there being a good ſtream ſufficient for a mill, the race has been lately levelled, and has 24 feet fall; the improvements are a good ſtone houſe, two ſtories high, well finiſhed, a good log barn and ſtable, two orchards, one very large, containing 300 trees of the beſt kinds of fruit, a large garden, paled in, a joiner's ſhop, and other out-houſes. Said plantation lies convenient to ſeveral places of worſhip, mills and landings, being but 20 miles from Wilmington, Newport, and Chriſtiana Bridge, &c. The purchaſer may have large time to pay the purchaſe money, clear of intereſt, on giving bonds and ſecurity. Any perſon wanting to view ſaid plantation any time before the day of ſale, may apply to the ſubſcriber, or to John Kinkead, jun. near the ſaid place. JOHN NEWBY. §

Newtown Townſhip, Cheſter County, May 8, 1770.

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE,

On the eighth Day of June next,

THAT valuable Tract or Piece of LAND, containing 60 Acres, ſo often deſcribed and advertiſed, both in Dutch and Engliſh, in Proſe and Verſe, therefore, I think it is in a Manner needleſs here to inſert a further full Deſcription of all its Buildings, Meadows, Orchards, Woods, &c. let every one come and ſee for themſelves, if they pleaſe. The Sale to begin about Two o'Clock in the Afternoon (it being the ſixth Day of the Week) where the Conditions will be made known, and Poſſeſſion immediately given, by WILLIAM THOMAS. ¶

To be SOLD, by private SALE,

A CERTAIN Lot of Ground, ſituated in the City of Philadelphia, bounded on the Weſt Side of Front-ſtreet, between Lombard-ſtreet and Pine-ſtreet, containing in breadth 25 feet 6 inches, and in Length or Depth 198 feet, together with a good Frame Houſe, and a Summer Houſe, on the Premiſes. It letts for Twelve Pounds Ten Shillings a Year, and there is a Leaſe on the Place for 6 or 7 Years. Enquire of JOHN MERRITT, Caulker, in Almond-ſtreet, in Southwark, or of EDWARD GETTIER, Cooper, near the Swedes Church. ¶

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,

In FRONT-STREET, a few Doors above ARCH-STREET,

A SERVANT LAD's TIME, who has ſix Years to ſerve. He is an Engliſh Lad, and can be well recommended, he will be ſold to none but ſuch as are likely to uſe him kindly.

Alſo to be ſold, at the ſame Place, Sugar, Tea, Coffee, and Dry Goods; likewiſe China, Delf, and Glaſs-ware, &c.

7th of 5th Month, 1770. JOSEPH DRINKER.

N. B. Said DRINKER carries on the COOPER's BUSINESS as formerly, where may be had Hogſheads, Barrels, &c. ¶

CAME to the Plantation of ROBERT STEWART, on Tueſday, the 1ſt of May, in Blockley Townſhip, a bay HORSE, about 15 Hands high, ſhod all round, is a natural Pacer, and has a ſhort bob Tail. The Owner is deſired to come, prove his Property, pay Charges, and take him away.

May 2, 1770. ¶ ROBERT STEWART.

Elſinborough, April 30, 1770.

A FERRY BOAT, belonging to the ſubſcriber, living in Elſinborough, with one James Canaday on board, it is ſaid, ſet out from Port Penn, to come home to Elſinborough, the 9th inſtant, about ſunſet, and was ſeen to croſs over as far as the upper end of Reedy-Iſland, the wind blowing very freſh at Northweſt, has never been heard of ſince, as we know of; the boat would carry about four or five horſes, rigged ſloop faſhion, with a poplar maſt, and decked before the maſt. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid boat, ſo that the owner may have her again, ſhall have Forty Shillings reward, or Three Pounds if brought home, and reaſonable charges, paid by

§ BENJAMIN HOLME.

TO be ſold by the Subſcriber, at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Tueſday, the 19th Day of June next, on the Premiſes,

THAT valuable Stand for a Merchant's Shop, known by the Name of New-Market; about the Diſtance of 2 Miles from Princetown, in the Jerſeys, and equally convenient for the Tranſportation of Goods from Trenton or Brunſwick, on which is a commodious Dwelling-houſe, 40 Feet ſquare, finiſhed, a good Kitchen, Ware-houſe, Barn, Barrack, Stables, Garden, &c. all in good Repair. The Improvements will be ſold with two Acres of Land, on which they ſtand, or with fifty Acres of Land, adjoining the ſaid two Acres, near twenty thereof Meadow Ground, as may beſt ſuit the Purchaſer. Bonds on Intereſt, well ſecured, will be accepted for the Purchaſe Money, and an indiſputable Title given by EZEKIEL FORMAN. ¶

LATELY IMPORTED BY

RICHARD TIDMARSH,

In Second-ſtreet, near the Church,

A LARGE aſſortment of the very beſt DRUGS and MEDICINES, which are to be ſold, wholeſale or retail, at little more than prime coſt, as his bad ſtate of health determines him to leave this country, as ſoon as the ſtock on hand can be ſold. Any perſon, inclined to purchaſe the whole ſtock in trade, conſiſting chiefly of capital articles, together with a compleat ſhop, and apparatus, commodiouſly ſituated, and accuſtomed, the whole calculated to carry on an extenſive buſineſs; for particulars, enquire of ſaid TIDMARSH.

Likewiſe to be ſold, the famous high bred IRISH HORSE NORTHUMBERLAND. ¶

Eaſt-Caln Townſhip, April 30, 1770.

TO BE SOLD,

A NEGROE BOY, turned of 16 Years of Age, bred to every Kind of Country Work; a hearty ſound Boy, has had the Small-Pox, he is honeſt, not given to drink any ſpirituous Liquor to hurt himſelf, ſold for no Fault, I had him from his Infancy. JOHN GILLEYLEN. ¶

JOSEPH STANSBURY,

At his ſhop in Second-ſtreet, near Arch-ſtreet, hath on ſale,

A VARIETY of CHINA, GLASS, and EARTHEN WARES, among which are the following articles; CHINA 3 quart, 2 quart, 3 pint, quart, pint and half pint bowls, blue and white, burnt and enamelled; table plates ditto; tea and coffee cups and ſaucers ditto; blue and white *jarrs and beakers*, in ſetts of different ſizes, ſome very low; blue and white, and quilted Nankeen mugs, quart, pint and half pint, in a ſett; a large tureen and diſh; compleat tea ſetts enammelled; Nankeen breakfaſt ditto; and blue and white diſhes, of ſeveral ſizes. GLASS quart, pint, half pint and gill canns and tumblers, engraved, cut bottoms, double and ſingle flint; engraved wine glaſſes; cut ſtemmed ditto, and ale glaſſes, wine and water ditto; right *Free-Maſon*'s ditto; quart, pint, and half pint decanters, cut bottoms, labelled ditto; cruits, ſingle and double flint; proof bottles; creams, with cut bottoms; common ditto, with and without feet; muſtards, with ground ſtoppers; common ditto, ſeveral patterns; cut and common ſalt ſellars; fluted ſugar boxes; and blue and enamelled ditto. CREAM COLOURED oblong feather-edge *diſhes in ſetts*; flat and ſoup *plates* to anſwer ditto; tureens & diſhes, three ſizes; cream ditto; *pierced fruit-baſkets and ſtands*, two ſizes, extremely elegant; pierced and plain fruit and ſallad diſhes; patties, in ſizes; pint and half pint mugs; quart and 3 pint jugs; deſert leaves and ſhells; bread baſkets; jarrs and beakers, in ſizes; garden pots and ſtands, ditto; muſtards and ſpoons; ditto plain; pepper caſtors; ſalts; butter boats, 4 ſizes; cream pots, buckets, and ladles; covered diſhes; ſtrawberry diſhes and ſtands; cheeſe toaſters; baking diſhes, in ſizes; tea pots; bowls; and handled cups and ſaucers; enamelled tea pots and ſugar diſhes. STONE quart, pint, and half pint mugs and bowls; table plates and diſhes; deſerts, baking diſhes of all ſizes; and tea and coffee cups and ſaucers; *blue and white* quart, pint, and half pint bowls; Dutch quart mugs; enamelled cups and ſaucers; NOTTINGHAM baking diſhes, mugs, and bowls. DELF bowls, plates, chamber-pots, and ſugar diſhes. Agate, tortoiſeſhell, colliflower, and pine-apple tea pots, &c. &c.

Durnford's pins, pound ditto, London ditto; Whitechapel, London, and common needles; black lead pencils; bone and ivory muſtard ſpoons; a few articles of cutlery; ſome RAISINS; and ſuperfine *vellum*; all of which will be ſold at reaſonable prices.

TO BE SOLD,

A SOBER healthy young Negroe Boy, about 19 Years of Age, has had the Small-pox and Meaſles, and bred to the Cooper's Trade, ever ſince he was eleven Years old. For Terms, enquire of JOHN HALL, Cooper in Philadelphia.

N. B. Said Boy would ſuit a Miller well. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

A GRIST-MILL, ſituate on Brandywine Creek, and within a Mile of Wilmington; there are one Pair of very good Burr Stones, and one Pair of Cullings, all in good Repair, for carrying on Merchant Work. Likewiſe a good Stone Houſe juſt by the Mill, with between 20 and 30 Acres of Land, 3 or 4 of which are good Meadow; alſo a Barn, Stables, and a young Orchard. Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe the Whole, or the Mill only, may know the Terms, by applying to WILLIAM MARSHALL, on ſaid Place, or JAMES MARSHALL, near Brandywine Bridge. ¶

To be LETT,

On *GROUNDRENT* FOR EVER, by

CALEB & JOSHUA CRESSON,

SUNDRY LOTS on FIFTH and SIXTH, SASSAFRAS and CHERRY-STREETS. ¶

To be SOLD, or LETT,

By the ſubſcriber, living in the townſhip of Darby, Cheſter county, and may be entered on immediately,

A CERTAIN tract or piece of land, ſituate on the weſt ſide of Germantown road, about 5 miles from Philadelphia, containing 23 acres, be the ſame more or leſs, whereon is erected, a good ſtone dwelling-houſe, kitchen and pump in the ſame, 2 ſtone currying-ſhops, with good cellars under them; alſo a good diſtill-houſe, well ſupplied with water, by a fountain, which keeps playing into the cooling-tubs, a tan-yard, with 28 vats, &c. moſt conveniently watered; a very good garden of aſparagus, in which, and about the houſe, are the beſt of fruit trees, ſuch as apricots, plumbs, pears, cherries, peaches, walnuts, &c. ſeven acres, part of the above tract, is good watered meadow, and the other land very good. The purchaſer may have moſt, or all the purchaſe money for ſome years, upon paying intereſt, and giving good ſecurity. The terms of ſale may be known, by applying to John Pemberton, in Market-ſtreet, Philadelphia, John Jones, of Germantown, or

¶ WILLIAM HORNE, of Darby.

Philadelphia, April 17, 1770.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of JOHN HENDERSON, Cordwainer, of this City, deceaſed, are requeſted to make ſpeedy Payment; and thoſe that have any Demands againſt ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to bring in their Accompts, that they may be paid, by SAMUEL SIMPSON, Executor, and MARY HENDERSON, Executrix.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,

Living in Burlington, New-Jerſey,

A PLANTATION in Plumſted townſhip, Bucks county (3 miles from Reeder's Tavern, on the Durham road) about 30 miles from Philadelphia, containing 123 acres, on which are a tolerable good houſe, barn, and large orchard, 10 or 12 acres of meadow, and near as much more may be made, at a ſmall expence; now rented to Peter Vickers. A tract adjoining the ſame, of 123 acres, with a ſmall log-houſe and ſtable, an orchard, and about 20 acres of meadow land, 8 or 10 of which are already improved. Alſo a tract in Tinicum townſhip, near Tohiccon creek (3 miles eaſt of the above deſcribed land) containing 100 acres, having a very good houſe, an old log-tenement, barn and ſtable, a large orchard, and about 8 or 10 acres of meadow, now rented to John Thomſon. Theſe tracts are well wooded. The terms are 4l. per acre, and the buyers, on giving good ſecurity, with intereſt, may have 7 years to complete the purchaſe, paying one ſeventh of the money every year. RICHARD WELLS. *Theſe.*

WAS STOLEN, laſt night, out of the houſe of John Downing, in Eaſt-Caln, Cheſter county, one Great Coat, of a lightiſh colour, and a Gun, about 5 feet long, with braſs mounting, it had a large braſs pin run through the upper end of the ſtock, to faſten the barrel in the ſtock; likewiſe 5 yards of ſhirting Linen, ſtole out of the garden of Warrick Miller. The thief is ſuppoſed to be one Joſeph Curln, about 5 feet 10 inches high, black hair, wide mouth, grey eyes; had on, an old brown coat, old buckſkin breeches, ſmall ſized old wool hat, and has a bold impudent look. Any perſon ſtopping the above goods, and thief, ſo that he may be brought to juſtice, ſhall have Forty Shillings reward, paid by

April 11, 1770. § JOHN DOWNING.

RUN away, between the 9th and 10th inſtant, from the ſubſcribers, living in Little-Britain townſhip, Lancaſter county, two Iriſh ſervant men, viz.

Morice Machony, about 19 or 20 years of age, ſmooth-faced, about 5 feet 9 inches high, black hair tied behind, not very long; had on, a darkiſh half-worn coat, with metal buttons, a ſtriped linſey waiſtcoat, lappelled, with metal buttons, the ſtripes acroſs, old ſhoes, braſs buckles, not fellows, a check ſhirt, and ſome tow ſhirts; took with him a ſnuff-coloured ſtuff coat, with tortoiſeſhell buttons, with ſilver knobs, a black velvet jacket with hair buttons, a half-worn caſtor hat, fine half-worn light-coloured broadcloth breeches, a pair of pumps, carved ſilver buckles, marked S. M. weigh 53 dwt.

Patrick Cleary, about 5 feet 6 inches high, 23 years of age, pretty thick, has black curled hair, cut at the top of the head, ſpeaks with the brogue; had on, and took with him, three jackets, one white flannel, another ſtriped blue and white, the third thick cloth, light-coloured breeches, with metal buttons, 3 ſhirts, one ſtriped linen, the other two broad check, a half-worn hat, the top of the crown pitched, bound round with tape, blue ribbed ſtockings, a pair of grey ditto, new ſhoes, and braſs buckles. Whoever ſecures the above runaways, ſo that their maſters may have them again, ſhall have THREE POUNDS, and reaſonable charges, paid by

JOHN ALISON, JOHN ATCHISON.

N. B. They both can read and write well, and may probably forge paſſes; all maſters of veſſels are forbid to carry them off, at their peril. ¶

THREE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away, the 15th of April, 1770, from the ſubſcriber, living in Drummore townſhip, Lancaſter county, an Iriſh ſervant man, named PATRICK FOX, about 18 years of age, about 5 feet 4 inches high, well ſet, freſh coloured fellow, ſtrait black hair, grey eyes; had on, and took with him, a new coarſe wool hat, half-worn blanket coat, metal buttons, a nankeen veſt, lined with ſhirting, an olive brown ſtuff coat, with mohair buttons, lined with ſerge of the ſame colour, a pair of common ſhirting trowſers, and a pair of coarſe petticoat ditto, ſpeckled half-worn loom ſtockings, a pair of blue ditto, half-worn, a pair of ſhoes, newly ſoaled, a half-worn black ſilk handkerchief, a ſtampt linen ditto, and a half-worn ſhirt.—— Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by ROBERT CLARK. ¶

ALL Perſons indebted to JOSHUA NORTH, of the City of Philadelphia, Tallow-Chandler, are requeſted to make immediate Payment; and thoſe that have any Demands againſt him, are deſired to bring in their Accounts, that they may be adjuſted and paid, as he has lett his Works, and is about moving into the Country.

To be ſold, a ſtrong healthy NEGROE MAN, between 30 and 40 Years of Age, underſtands Farming well. For Terms, enquire of Joſhua North. ¶

NOTICE is hereby given, to all perſons who have any demands againſt the eſtate of John Owen, late of Coventry townſhip, Cheſter county, deceaſed, to bring them in, that they may be adjuſted; and thoſe that are indebted to ſaid eſtate, are deſired to diſcharge the ſame, within three months after date, by DAVID ROGERS, of Eaſt-Nantmell townſhip, Executor to the laſt will and teſtament of ſaid John Owen.

April 2, 1770. ¶

THE Subſcriber, Stone-cutter and Mill-ſtone Maker, living near Yeardley's Ferry, in Bucks County, Pennſylvania, takes this Method to inform the PUBLIC, *that he makes Mill-ſtones of the beſt Grit for that Purpoſe of any in the County, or perhaps on the Continent, which he will warrant to be good. As the Subſcriber has had long Experience, he makes no Doubt of giving general Satisfaction to any Miller, or other Gentleman, that will favour him with their Cuſtom, who may depend on being ſerved with Expedition, and the Stones, if required, delivered at Trenton, where large Shallops can come. He has made many Mill-ſtones for Millers in the Neighbourhood and elſewhere, which have proved very good, and works at the moſt reaſonable Rates, whereas many Mill-ſtones, imported at a great Price, often prove inferior to thoſe made by the Subſcriber.* HENRY PITNER. ¶